# Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum.

VOL. XI. BELLEFONTE, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG. 13, 1879. NO. 32.



## Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance


### EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

STATISTICS show that the gross earnings of the railroads in the United States, during the past year, amount to $490,000,000.

—The pay train of the B. E. V. railroad come into town last Monday, and made the railroad employees in this locality look happy.

THE *Times* thinks if Tilden keeps stirring things up as he is now doing with the purpose of getting into the White House, he'll soon hear of that income tax suit again. Quite likely.

THE trustees of the Mormon church look with covetous eyes upon the estate of Brigham Young. John Taylor, one the trustees, has brought suit against the estate for $1,000,000.

THE Denver and South Park railroad has been completed to within twenty-three miles of Leadville, and when it reaches that point, it is thought mining matters will become lively.

THE Democrats are advancing all kinds of arguments to explain the falling off of the Democratic vote in Kentucky. The fact is, the old State had a big notion to try reform and go Republican.

AT the late municipal election in Portsmouth, N. H., Mayor Size, the Republican candidate, was reelected by an increased majority. The Greenback candidate received but 65 votes, against 165 last year.

THE Republican State convention of Nebraska will be held at Omaha October first. A justice of the Supreme Court and two Regents of the State University will be nominated, and of course will be elected.

WARM weather has considerably brightened the harvest prospects in France. French wheat has declined in price, caused by heavy imports from America, and the French producers are becoming greatly alarmed.

THE receipts of internal revenue during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1879, amount to $113,918,465, against $111,097,725 for 1878, an increase of $2,820,740 for this year. The revenue receipts from beer alone now amount to over $10,000,000, annually.

AN item in last week's *Democrat* says: "Patrick Henry's paper on 'Mr. Hayes and his vetoes,' is omitted this week because of the crowded condition of our columns." We don't imagine anybody was disappointed.

THE Democratic candidates for the Presidency disappear with the roses. Thurman, Hendricks, Bayard, and Hancock seem to have been lost sight of, and Sammy Tilden can tighten up the reins, and mount a step higher.

YELLOW FEVER has been declared epidemic at Memphis by the Board of Health. Since our last issue, at which time it was thought the fever was on the decrease, it has broken out afresh, and spread rapidly on Saturday and Sunday. The reports of yesterday were more favorable. The total number of cases up to date is about three hundred and forty-five, with one hundred deaths. New cases are reported in Mississippi and St. Louis.

CONGRESSMAN FRY, in one of his Maine speeches, got off the following on the Greenback party: "The Greenback party is what I heard it described by a rough customer in Major Briggs' office up in New Hampshire last year—'Here Bill, you Greenbacker, how are you?' said the Major, and Bill was mad. 'Ain't you a Greenbacker, Bill?' said the Major, and he snapped out 'No, sir,' and added, 'The Greenbackers remind me of the rum-drinker's bottle—it is temporary consolation, and eternal damnation.'"

### What the Issue Will Be.

Our cotemporary, the *Watchman*, of last week, in an editorial under the above caption, bows the knee in servile humility to southern dictation, and re-echos the political war cry raised by Jeff Davis and Alexander H. Stephens, the ex-rebel President and Vice President of the Southern confederacy, as the issue for the campaign of 1880.

The issue as stated in the *Watchman* is the rankest kind of secession heresy, and full of treasonable sentiment to the general government.

The *Watchman* assumes that the recent war which cost millions of the best lives of the country, and thousands of millions of dollars, accomplished nothing towards strengthening the Union, and towards the exaltation of American citizenship.

It says the question is whether the republic shall exist as our fathers made it? The great cry of the rebel Democracy previous to, and during the war, was the Constitution as it is, and let us alone. Since the war it is the Constitution as it was. This involves the wiping out of the constitutional amendments, which abolish slavery, and which prevent the general government from assuming one dollar of the rebel debt, or assuming one dollar of obligation in payment for slaves freed by the war. It involves the purpose to accomplish just what Senators Beck and Thurman declared the Democracy designed to accomplish, that is the repeal of all war legislation. In other words, it means to throw this government back to where it was in 1860, and again hurl it upon the rock of secession, and endeavor again to establish a slave oligarchy upon the ruins of the grandest government ever vouch-safed to man.

The *Watchman* says, (and we want every honest American citizen to read it and take warning):

"While this is a nation in its unity of purpose and determination to preserve it sindependence against all foreign aggression, it is not a nation in the common acceptation of the term, but a community or confederation of States, independent of each other and of the general government, but all relying upon each other and willing to help when danger threatens the good of the whole."

Are we a nation simply for the purpose of preserving our existence against a foreign foe, and for no other purpose?

The *Watchman*, the mouth-piece of the Democracy, says we are.

Are we not a nation to "establish a more perfect Union, and promote the welfare," as declared in the declaration of independence? The *Watchman* says not. It ignores the principles enunciated in the Declaration of Independence, and for which our forefathers made most heroic sacrifices.

Are we not a nation to guarantee to every State a Republican form of government, and secure to the citizen of every State all the rights and privileges of an American citizen, and of a Republican government? The *Watchman* says we are not.

Are we not a nation, having the power to protect ourselves as such, against domestic insurrection and rebellion? The *Watchman* says not.

Are we not a nation having the power to preserve our existence against secession, and the anarchy and self-destruction consequent thereon? The *Watchman* says not.

In the language of the *Watchman* we are simply a nation to protect ourselves against a foreign foe.

It says "we are simply a community or confederation of States independent of each other, and of the general government."

If we are but a community of States independent of each other, and of the general government, then where is the power even to constitute us a nation for the purpose of protection against a foreign foe? If the State be independent of the general government, then we have no general government. Where is the power to compel the State to furnish troops to protect the general government if the State be absolutely independent of it? If the State be independent, then the Constitution of the United States and the laws of Congress can have no force or effect in an independent State, yet the constitution and laws of Congress made in pursuance thereof, are the supreme law of the land.

We will not pursue this remarkable proposition further this time. It seems to us the mere statement of it should be revolting to every intelligent and patriotic American citizen. Is it possible that we are not citizens of one great nation! Are we not American citizens? Are we to be known only as citizens of the several States, as Pennsylvanians, Georgians, &c!

What respect would be shown us in foreign lands, or what protection would be accorded us by the great nations of Europe simply as Pennsylvanians. None whatever. That title which recognizes our rights and secures us protection in foreign lands is the title of American citizen. That is the title that should ensure us absolute protection in every State in the Union, but unfortunately it does not.

The evils of State aristocracy, engendered by slavery, still live, and endanger the life of the nation.

We read with horror of the masacre of St. Bartholomew, in the sixteenth century, when in a single night thousands of human beings were indiscriminately butchered because of religious opinions. But more than a St. Bartholomew has been committed in the Southern States since the war, in the cold blooded butcheries of innocent American citizens because of their political opinions, and the vile murderers have never been brought to justice.

The independent State refuses to enforce the law or protect the citizen in his rights, and the general government in the hands of the Democracy is too puerile and weak to protect her citizens. The record of murders and outrages practiced in southern States in the last ten years is a shame and disgrace to the Nation, and history will record it as the blackest spot in the history of our Nation.

The only power that has ever attempted to oppress and enslave the citizen, to subvert and destroy the Nation has been the power of State sovereignty, or the independent State, as advocated by the Democracy of the country. When the loyalty and patriotism of the country were pouring out their blood and treasure to conquer the heresy of State rights, which had culminated in rebellion, we supposed, when the Union armies returned in triumph, that the Nation was saved, that the right of secession was settled, and that we had a Nation. But the rebel Democracy and their dough-faced allies of the North now declare that the war settled nothing, and in the language of the *Watchman*, that we are not a Nation.

We accept the issue and appeal with confidence to the intelligence and patriotism of the American citizen, feeling assured that he will reject the idea of the rebel Democracy that we are not a Nation, and overwhelmingly decide the issue at the polls in favor of the preservation of the Union and the Nation against all foes, whether foreign or domestic, and in favor of American citizenship, and against peculiar State citizenship.

THOMAS EWING, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Ohio, has published a letter, written a long time ago, to show that he left the Republican party because it proscribed the Southern whites and made the blacks rulers, which leads the New York *Tribune* to remark: "If that was the real reason, he ought to come back to be consistent. The white man is on top now, and he has a shot-gun in his hand and a revolver in his hip-pocket. The blacks are so thoroughly proscribed that they scarcely dare vote for an indepedent candidate for justice of the peace."

IT begins to look as though the boundary dispute, between Turkey and Greece, will have to be settled by the sword.

### Democratic Perfidy.

After seeing how smoothly and successfully resumption is working, the Democrats of Maryland are trying to show that the good result was brought about by Democratic legislation—by the economy with which public affairs have been administered since the Democrats have been in power. This they claim in the seventh resolution of their platform, adopted at the State convention, at Baltimore. The Philadelphia *North American*, in speaking of the brazen-faced effrontery of the Democrats in this particular, says:

"Such a colossal piece of impudence is fairly staggering. After this no one need be surprised if southern ex-rebels were to be heard vaunting that their efforts saved the Union, or old-time planters arrogating to themselves the credit of having rid the land of the curse of slavery. If the Democrats have a mind to make themselves ridiculous by appealing for votes on the strength of what they did to bring about resumption, the Republicans have no reason to object. Nothing could suit them better, for there is hardly a voter so ignorant as not to know exactly what the Democrats have done in this connection.

So far from having helped to bring about specie payments, they have done everything that lay in their power to make that desirable consummation an impossibility. From the time the Resumption bill was passed up to the time when it was about to become a law the Democrats attacked it without ceasing. Its repeal was made a prominent part of their programme, and if their efforts in that direction failed, it was not from any want of persistence and audacity. To give them their dues, our Democratic friends worked hard. They had promised their constituents in the south and west to kill the hated measure, and they did their best to make their pledges good. When it was proved impossible to carry a direct repeal—thanks to the staunchness of Republican opposition, both in the Senate and in the Presidential chair—they changed their tack and strenuously sought to make it a dead letter by indirect means. Bills were originated which had they been passed would have put resumption out of the question, and all the vigilance and energy of the Republicans who championed the scheme failed to prevent its Democratic enemies from doing some mischief. The Bland Silver bill—the bill which forbade the cancellation of redeemed greenbacks; that other which directed Secretary Sherman to pay the pension arrears out of the reserve fund held for the redemption of fractional currency; the bill which ordered the acceptance of greenbacks in payment of custom duties—all these are so many blows aimed by the Democrats at the success of resumption. They did no great harm, it is true, either because the Republicans were able to ward them off, or because their effect was different to what had been anticipated; but the Democrats cannot be charged with their failure. They meant well enough, according to the point of view, and it is by their intentions that they must be judged.

There is certainly an Arctic coolness in the claim that these very men who worked hard and long to defeat resumption ought to be credited with its success. The Maryland Democrats base their extraordinary pretentions upon the assumption that Secretary Sherman's reserve fund has been accumulated out of the savings yielded by an increased economy of administration under the rule of their party. This shows the danger of telling the same falsehood too often; after a while Ananias believes it himself. Everyone who knows anything at all is aware that the much-talked of Democratic economy is a fraud of the first water. Here is a statement of the annual appropriations for the last four years:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Fiscal year ending June 30 | 1877 | $124,122,010 |
| " " " | 1878 | 114,069,483 |
| " " " | 1879 | 146,304,709 |
| " " " | 1880 | 161,808,934 |

It is only necessary to explain that the amount for 1878 is exclusive of the River and Harbor bill, which went over, and the figures speak for themselves."

THE Centre *Democrat* asks us to give the details in relation to the war record of Hon. Samuel Butler our candidate for State Treasurer. As a matter of personal gratification to the editors of that sheet we would be glad to do so, but as we are assured that quite a good many Democrats contemplate voting for Butler, we hardly deem it prudent to furnish material for our Democratic neighbors to use as an argument against our candidate, as a good war record is not always calculated to ingratiate any candidate in the favor of the Democracy. This has been repeatedly demonstrated in Centre county by certain Democratic aspirants for senatorial honors. Their war record, although good Democrats, always was used against them and secured their defeat—Butler's war record is much better than that of Barr's the Democratic candidate, and is good enough for Republicans. If it will be any satisfaction to the *Democrat*, we will publish side by side with them the war record of D. O. Barr the Democratic candidate and that of Hon. Samuel Butler our candidate.

AS WE have but one candidate to name for a county office this fall, and that for Jury Commissioner, we think it entirely proper that George Taylor, of Boggs township, should be the nominee. Mr. Taylor was one of the candidates for County Commissioner last fall, and was most shamefully treated in Philipsburg as well as in Potter township. We don't know whether the vote of Philipsburg was manipulated at the instance of Commissioner Gregg or not; but the probability is that it was. The fact that Gregg received 168 votes and Taylor 40 in Philipsburg, the other candidates polling their party vote, shows that the tickets were distributed with Mr. Gregg's name only. How Republicans could be deceived in this manner is a mystery, and our party managers will do well to look out and prevent such unfairness in the future.

IF Ex Governor Hartranft, now post master of Philadelphia, is really a candidate for Sheriff at the hands of the Republicans of that great city, he is certainly very unfortunate in having what is presumed to be gratuitous support of McClure's *Times*, which is regarded by Republicans generally, as being a Democratic sheet, wholly in the interest of the Democratic party. The fact that the *Times* advocates his nomination by the Republicans, is sufficient to create suspicion in their ranks, that something is rotten in Denmark, and the man named by McClure is not the man for Republicans to vote for.

REGISTER SCHOFIELD, of the Treasury Department, has been visiting his home in western Pennsylvania, and reports that the mass of Republicans in that section are in favor of Grant for President.

THE Louisville *Courier-Journal*, in speaking of the Kentucky election, says: "Taken all together, we have done nothing to be proud of." Correct, Mr. Watterson; your head's level on that.

REV. W. H. H. MURRAY indignantly repudiates the insinuation that he is trying to evade his liabilities. He went to San Francisco on legitimate business.

THE Republican platform adopted at Harrisburg troubles the *Democrat* a good deal. It contains too much truth and sound doctrine to suit that paper.

Hon. John R. Lynch, a colored man, has been appointed superintendent of the census of Mississippi.

### Newspaper Jottings.

—Five German dailies are published in Buffalo, N. Y.

—The English journal, *Westminster Papers*, is dead.

—The Bodie (Cal.) *Standard* is published at 9,000 feet above tide water.

—Frank H. Norton has bought and will edit the New York *Weekly Era*.

—Wm. Davis has sold the Pottstown *Advertiser* to Alfred R. Saylor.

—*Le Paix* is the latest one cent Republican daily started in Paris.

—W. C. Taylor has severed his connection with the Columbia *Democrat*.

—The Raleigh (N. C.) *Observer* was recently sold at auction to John Gatling.

—There are fourteen journals in the United States exclusively devoted to music.

—The Joe Hooker Post, G. A. R., publishes a *Daily Camp Fire* at Ashland, Pa.

—A daily paper will be issued for the benefit of visitors at the Delaware Water Gap, this season.

—The *Saturday Standard*, of Baltimore, Md., has been absorbed by the *Telegram*, of the same city.

—Warren Leland, the hotel man, published the first newspaper that ever appeared in San Francisco.

—The *Free Press*, of Lebanon, Pa. has been enlarged, and changed from a folio to the quarto form.

—John N. Hazlit and W. W. Clark have bought a controling interest in the Pittsburg *Sunday Critic*.

—A. K. McClure, of the Phila. *Times*, lectured at Montrose last week Wednesday, on "Abraham Lincoln."

—Mr. J. V. Cracraft has been detailed by the Pittsburg *Telegraph* to visit Leadville and write up the mining interests.

—The *Lackawana Daily Union* is a new paper published at Scranton, in the interests of the "Democratic Labor" party.

—Col. G. B. Young, formerly editor of the New Orleans *Price Courant*, died on Tuesday of last week, at Charlottesville, Va.

—The Easton *Argus* and the *German Correspondent*, of the same place, have been sold to Peter Corell and Oliver L. Febr.

The *Weekly Times*, a neat six-column paper, has been started at Coatesville, Pa., by William R. Ash. It will be Republican in politics, and mainly devoted to local interests.

—When Secretary of State Evarts was a young New York lawyer, with a superabundance of leisure time, he wrote articles for pay for Park Benjamin's weekly paper, the *New York*.

—Meyric Waite, a compositor on the Boston *Globe*, has fallen heir to $50,000, and has made his brother typos a present of a rowing shell, on condition that they organize a boat club.

—John L. Sexton, formerly of the Interior Department at Harrisburg, has commenced the publication of a weekly paper called the *Industrial Register*, at Blossburg, Pa. It is devoted to industrial interests.

—William B. Hazleton, formerly on the editorial staff of the Norristown *Herald*, but now of Baltimore, has been writing a new comic opera entitled "Electric light," assisted by Edward Spencer, of that city.

A new religious journal has been started in Baltimore, called the *Baltimore Methodist*. Rev. D. H. Carroll is the publisher, and a committee of seven Methodist ministers are to do the editing. It is issued semi-monthly, and is the organ of the Baltimore Conference.

—The editor of the *South African Star* makes the following announcement: "From and after to-day the exact time of the publication of the *Star* will be announced by the blowing of a steam whistle, which has been affixed to our boiler and steam engine. Subscribers will thus be able to know when the paper boys have been dilatory in delivering the paper at their residences.

# Poetry.

### LIKE HIS DAD.

I hear his mother's chiding voice,
"How came your trousers torn?
And black rs ink, sir, is that shirt
You put on clean this morn.

Your feet are wet, too, I declare;
You're muddy to your knees;
It is too bad; you only care
Your mother, sir, to tease.

"And those nice shoes, your Sunday best,
That but three times you've worn,
And scratched and scraped and all run down,
The heel of one is gone.

Your hair is all twisted in a snarl,
And just look at that hand!
It looks as though 'twere never washed—
How dare you say 'tis tanned?

You've been a fishing, sir, I guess—
What? been to see the match?
You'll have a fit of sickness, sir;
A pretty cold you'll catch."

And thus she talks for half an hour,
And only stops to say,
Your father'll hear of this to-night;
I wonder what he'll say!

My friends in complimentary way
Declare to me they see
A close resemblance—very marked—
Between the boy and me

But nothing that they see in him
In either form or face
Bespeak myself as do his pranks—
In these my own I trace.

And why should I at tattered clothes
Or dirty ones repine?
In him I live my youth again—
God bless the boy! he's mine!

# Our Story Teller.

### The Main Bridge.

It was past midnight—the lights on the stone bridge which crosses the river Main at Frankfort were still burning, though the footsteps of passengers had died away for some time on its pavement, when a young man approached the bridge from the town with hasty strides. At the same time another man, advanced in years, was coming towards him from Sachsenhausen, the well-known suburb on the opposite side of the river. The two had not yet met, when the latter turned from his path and went toward the parapet from the bridge into the Main.

The young man followed him quickly and laid hold on him.

"Sir," said he, "I think you want to drown youself."

"What is that to you?"

"I was only going to ask you to do me a favor, to wait a few minutes and allow me to join you. Let us draw close to each other, and, arm-in-arm, take the leap together. The idea of making the journey with a perfect stranger, who has chanced to come for the same purpose, is really rather interesting. For many years I have not made a request to any human being; do not refuse me this one, which must be my last."

The young man held out his hand. His companion took it. He continued with enthusiasm: "So be it; arm-in-arm. I do not ask who you are, good or bad—come, let us drown."

The elder of the two, who had at first been in so great a hurry to end his existence, now restrained the impetuosity of the younger.

"Stop, sir," said he, while his weary eyes tried to examine the features of his companion. "Stop, sir. You seem to be too young to leave life in this way; for a man of your years life must have still brighter prospects."

"Bright prospects!—in the midst of rottenness and decay, vice and corruption! Come, let us end it."

"And so young! Let me go alone, and do you remain here. Believe me, there are many good and honest people who could render life charming for you. Seek them, and you shall find them."

"Well, if life presents itself to you in hues so bright, I am surprised you should wish to leave it."

"Oh, I am only a poor, old, sickly man, unabled to earn anything, and who can endure no longer that his only child, an angel of a daughter, should work day and night to maintain him. To allow this longer I must be a tyrant, a barbarian."

"What, sir!" exclaimed the other, "you have an only daughter sacrificing herself for your sake?"

"And with what patience, what sweetness and love, what perverance! I see her sinking under her toil and her deprivations, and not a word of complaint escapes her pallid lips. She works and starves, and still has a word of love for her father."

"And you commit suicide! Are you mad?"

"Dare I murder that angel? The thought pierces my heart like a dagger," said the old man, sobbing.

"Sir, you must have supper with me; I see a tavern open younder. Come, you must tell me your history, and I will tell you mine. There is no occasion for you to leap into the river. I am a rich man; your daughter will no longer have to work, and you shall not starve."

The old man allowed himself to be dragged along by his companion. In a few minutes they were seated at a table in the tavern, with refreshments before them, and each examining curiously the features of the other.

Refreshed by the viands, the old man began thus:

"My history is soon told. I was a mercantile man; but fortune never favored me. I had no money myself, and loved and married a poor girl. I could never begin business on my own account. I took a situation as a bookkeeper, which I held until I became useless from age, and younger men were preferred to me. Thus my circumstances were always circumscribed, but my domestic happiness was complete. My wife, an angel of love, kindness, and fondness, was good and pious, active and affectionate; and my daughter is a true image of her mother. But age and illness have brought me to the last extremity and my conscience revolts against the idea of the best child in the world sacrificing her life for an old and useless fellow. I cannot have much longer to live and hope the Lord will pardon me for cutting off a few days or weeks from my life, in order to preserve that of my dear Bertha."

"You are a fortunate man, my friend," exclaimed the young man; "what you call misfortune is sheer nonsense, and can be cured. To morrow I shall make my will, and you shall be the heir of my possessions, and to-morrow night I shall take the leap from the Main bridge alone. But before I leave this world, I must see Bertha, for I am anxious to look upon one who is worthy of the name of a human being."

"Sir, what can have made you so unhappy at this early age?" said the old man, moved with compassion.

"I am the only son of one of the richest bankers of Frankfort. My father died five years ago, and left me the heir to an immense fortune. From that moment, every one that has come in contact with me has endeavored to deceive and defraud me. I was a child in innocense, and confiding. My education has not been neglected and I possessed my mother's loving heart. My friend, and to whom I opened my heart, betrayed me, and then laughed at my simplicity; in time I gathered experience, and my heart was filled with distrust. I was betrothed to a rich heiress, possessed of all fashionable accomplishments; I adored her with enthusiasm and love; I thought it would repay me for every disappointment. But I soon saw that she wished to make me her slave, and yoke all other men besides to her triumphal chariot. I broke off the engagement, and selected a poor but a charming girl—a sweet, innocent being, as I thought, who should be my life's own angel. Alas! I found her bidding adieu with tears and kisses to a youth whom she loved. She had accepted me for my wealth only. My peace of mind vanished, I sought diversion in travel. Everywhere I found the same hollowness, the same treachery, the same misery. In short, I became disgusted with life, and resolved to put an end this night to the pitiable farce."

"Unfortunate young man," said the other, with tears of sympathy, "I pity you. I confess I have been more fortunate than you. I posessed a wife and daughter, who came forth pure and immaculate from the hand of the Creator. The one has returned to him in whiteness of her soul, and so will the other."

"Give me your address, old man, and permit me to visit your daughter to-morrow. Also give me your word of honor that you will not inform her, or insinuate in any manner, that I am a rich man." The old man held out his hand.

"I give you my word. I am anxious to convince you that I have spoken the truth. My name is Wilhelm Schmidt, and there is my address," giving him at the same time a bit of paper which he drew from his pocket.

"And my name is Karl Traft. I am the son of Anton Taft. Take these bank notes, but only on condition that you do not leave this house until I fetch you from it. Waiter! a bedroom for this gentleman. You require rest, Herr Schmidt. Good night. To-morrow you will see me again."

II.

In one of the narrow and ill-lighted streets of Sachsenhausen, in an attic of a lofty and unsightly house, sat a blonde, about twenty years of age, busily employed with her needle. The furniture of the room was clean and tasteful. The girl's whole dress would not have fetched many kreutzers; but every article fitted her as if it had cost hundreds. He fair locks shaded a face brightened by a pair of eyes of heavenly blue. The spirit of order, modesty, and cleanliness reigned in everything around her. Her features were delicate, like those of one noble born; her eyes betrayed sleeplessness and anxiety, and ever and anon a deep sigh rose from the maiden's breast. Suddenly steps were heard on the staircase, and her face lighted up with joy. She listened and doubt seemed to shadow her brow. Then came a knock at the door, which made her tremble so much that she almost wanted the courage to say "Come in." A young man, shabby dressed, entered the room, and made a low and awkward bow.

"I beg pardan, miss," said he, "does Herr Schmidt live here?"

"Yes, sir. What is your pleasure?"

"Are you his daughter, Bertha?"

"I am."

"Then it is you that I seek. I am from your father."

"For heaven's sake, where is he? Something must have happened—he has stayed away all night."

"This misfortune is not very great."

"Oh, my poor, poor father! what shall I hear?"

The young man seemed to observe these visible marks of anxiety with great interest. He said:

"Do not be frightened, it is nothing of great importance. Your father met last night an old acquaintance, who invited him to a tavern. They had supper together, but when the landlord came for his bill you father's friend had decamped, and left him to pay the score. He had not sufficient money for this, and the host will not let him go until he is paid, and declares that unless he gets his money he will send him to prison."

"To prison!" exclaimed the girl. "Can you tell me how much the bill comes to?"

"Three florins and a half."

"Oh, God!" sighed the girl; "all I have done does not amount to more than one florin, but I will go at once to Madam Berg and beg of her to advance me the money."

"Who is Madam Berg?"

"The millener for whom I work."

"But if Madam Berg does not advance the money—what then?"

The girl burst into tears.

"I am afraid she will refuse. I already owe her one florin, and she is very hard."

"For what purpose did you borrow the money you owe her?"

The girl hesitated to reply.

"You may trust me."

"Well, my father is very weak, and requires strengthening. I borrowed the money to get a quarter of a fowl for him."

"Under these circumstances, I fear Madam Berg will not give you any. I possess nothing. Have you any valuables more? Here is one florin, but that is all upon which we could raise some money."

Bertha considered for a moment.

"I have nothing," said she at length, "but my poor mother's prayer-book. On her death-bed she entreated me not to part with it, and there is nothing in the world I hold more sacred than her memory and the promise I gave her; but still, for my father's sake, I must not hesitate." With trembling hands she took the book down from the shelf. "Oh, sir," she said, "during many a sleepless night I have been accustomed to enter the secret thoughts of my heart on the blank leaves at the end of the book. I hope that no one will ever know whose writings they are; you will promise me that?"

"Certainly, Bertha. I will take care that your secrets are not profaned. But now get ready that we may go."

While she left the room to put on her bonnet and shawl, Karl Taft (for the young man was no other than our hero) glanced over the writing in the book, and his eyes filled with emotion and delight as he read the outpourings of a pure and pious heart; and when they had left the house together, and she was walking beside him with a dignity of which she seemed entirely unconscious, he cast upon her looks of respect and admiration.

They first went to Mme. Berg, who did not advance the cash required, but assured the young man that Bertha was an angel. Certainly this praise Mr. Taft valued higher than the money he had asked for. They pawned the book, and the required sum was made up. Bertha was overjoyed.

"But if you spend all that money to-day," remarked the young man, "on what will you live to-morrow?"

"I do not know, but I trust in God. I will work the whole night through."

When they went to the tavern, the young man went in first to prepare old Mr. Schmidt for the part he wished him to act; then he fetched Bertha. It is impossible to describe the joy he felt when he saw the young girl throw herself in her father's arms, and press him to her heart.

She paid the bill and triumphantly led him home. Taft accompanied them and said he had a few more kreutzers in his pocket; she had better go and get something to eat. It was late before Taft went home that night; but the leap from the Main bridge was no more thought of. He came to the house every evening, in order, as he said, to share with them his scanty earnings.

About a fortnight after, as he was going away one evening, he said to Bertha:

"Will you become my wife? I am only a poor clerk, but I am honest and upright."

Bertha blushed and cast her eyes to the ground.

A few days after the young couple, simply but respectfully attired, and accompanied by Herr Schmidt, went to church, where they were married in a quiet way. When they came out, man and wife, an elegant carriage was standing at the door, and a footman in rich livery let down the step.

"Come," said the happy husband to his bewildered wife, who looked at him with amazement.

Before she could utter a word the three were seated in a carriage, driving away at a quick pace. The carriage stopped before a splendid house in the best part of Frankfort. They were received by a number of domestics, who conducted them to apartments decorated in the most costly style.

"This is your mistress," said Taft to the servants, "and her commands you are henceforth to obey. My darling wife," said he, then, turning to Bertha, "I am Karl Taft, one of the wealthiest men of this city."

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Complaints have come from Scotland that American cheese is being imported into Ayrshire in such quantities that much of the home produce of last year is still unsold and likely ta remain usold.

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Astronomers tell us that it would take 1,250,000 years, provided there was a wire from the earth to the nebula in Andromeda, for a dispatch to reach there. So no wire will be put up.

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The South American war has almost completely annihilated the guano trade, one of the most important articles of trade from that country.

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Walking matches have had their effect on the country. When you invite a bore to take a walk you expect him to "go as you please."

### A Jealous Man.

There are some men, especially in the lower walks of life, who are naturally jealous. Probably it is an infirmity for which they are not entirely responsible, and may proceed from some mental defect rather than a wicked heart. We know a shoemaker, a well-meaning, pious man, who has been married forty years and is jealous of his wife to this day. She is a modest, virtuous, unpretending, hard-working woman, the mother of a large family, who has devoted her whole life to the care of her children, and probably never has been absent from her home a single day from the time she began house-keeping. She is now nearly 70 years of age, but her husband still buys her clothes for her, because he apprehends danger to his domestic peace from store-keepers and their clerks.

A woman who has the misfortune to be united to a jealous husband leads a wretched life. The mania generally shows itself before marriage, and a wise girl will always summarily dismiss a suitor in whom she detects this dangerous tendency. Men who are always imagining evil things of women should be compelled to live alone. They ought not to be permitted to make a home unhappy by their cruel suspicions. Women have it in their power to protect themselves from this class of petty tyrants before marriage, but not afterwards; maidens should shun them as utterly unworthy of their notice, much less of their love.

A foolish young girl in Maryland married one of these disagreeable fellows a few months ago, against the consent of her parents. She was only 17 years of age, but she thought she was old enough to choose a husband for herself. Her mother was a plain country woman, but she knew that if her daughter married a jealous man she had nothing but misery before her. During the courtship there were frequent quarrels, and the lover threatened to break the heads of several young men whom he had seen talking to his "girl." Despite the warnings and entreaties of her parents, Ida Marmaduke ran away from her home near Sharpsburg and married Thomas H. Benner, the son of a farmer residing in the same neighborhood. His connections were respectable, his habits were not vicious and he had no glaring faults except his jealous nature.

Early in the present week an account of a tragedy at the Antietam National Cemetery, near Sharpsburg, was published in the newspapers. Thomas H. Benner, keeper of the cemetery, was shot by his wife. This was the sequel to the runaway match. The thoughtless, wayward girl soon found that she had married a man with whom she could have no happiness. He constantly accused her of being unfaithful, and if he saw her speak to a man, it was sufficient cause for an outburst of ill temper. As already stated, Benner had charge of the Antietam National Cemetery, and lived in the "lodge" house. Two or three weeks ago Lieutenant Haverfield, a one-legged soldier from Indiana, was appointed superintendent of the cemetery. He made arrangements to board with Benner until his own family should arrive. Lieutenant Haverfield scarcely spoke to Mrs. Benner except when he met her at the table. However, he frequently heard her husband quarreling with her ond upbraiding her.

On Saturday evening Haverfield, Benner and a man who was employed as a laborer at the cemetery, walked down to the village of Sharpsburg together. They returned about 9 o'clock in the evening. Haverfield went to his room, but Benner got into a quarrel with his wife, refused to go to bed and finally laid down on the kitchen floor, where he passed the night. In the morning the quarrel was renewed; Benner seized a large carving knife and ran at his wife. An old carbine, a relic of the battle of Antietam, was standing in the corner of the kitchen. Mrs. Benner picked up the carbine and snapped it, without knowing whether it was loaded or not. Benner fell dead on the kitchen floor. The woman had never fired a gun before in all her life. Public sympathy is entirely with Mrs. Benner, and it is doubtful whether the Grand Jury will put her upon her defense. She was committed for trial by a magistrate, but a writ of *habeas corpus* was sued out, and after a hearing at Hagerstown, Judge Motter released her on $1,500 bail. For the remainder of her life she will bitterly regret that she did not take the advice of her parents and refuse to marry a jealous man.—*Press.*

### A Human Otter.

Reedy river, in Laurens county, S. C., is a poor stream for fish. Perhaps by a whole day's fishing the angler may be rewarded by one-half dozen little cat-fish. We had a visit last week from the Raburn's creek otter, William Vaughn. He said there were fish in the river and he had come after them. It was amusing to see him in the shoals, diving under the rocks and bring up the cats; sometimes he would come up with one in hand, and occasionally with three fish, one in his mouth and one in each hand. After fishing the shoals he tried his hand on the suckers and red-horse in the deeper water, diving down under the banks and bringing up the fish in his hands. He caught about twenty fine suckers, weighing one, two and three pounds each. Vaughn has been known to catch as many as six suckers at one time in his hands. He says when under water he can rub a sucker on the side and it will lie as still as a pig when you are scratching it.—Charleston *News.*

### A Humorist on Lake Ontario.

We struck our tents at the falls, and took the train for Niagara the city, and there we embarked on a boat for Toronto. The passage was a rough one. A heavy northeast wind was chopping the lake up into a distressing state of irregularity and abruptness. The steamer was crowded with excursionists, and they were happier when we left the dock than when we got well out into the lake.

Lake Ontario, I have observed, is just like Niagara Falls

It takes everything you have.

At least, it took everything the excursionists had.

Talk about casting your bread on the waters!

Supper was served on the boat, and I saw one man pay seven-five cents for a meal that ought to have lasted him two weeks.

It didn't last him five minutes.

I never saw such reckless extravagance in all my life.

One very pale young man told me he had crossed the lake twenty times, and had never been sick, in all the term implies, in his life.

In ten minutes I saw that young man looking down into the angry waters, and I'm a sinner if he did not throw up everything he had in the world except his situation.

He looked wretched.

In fact, it was the wretchedest time I ever saw anywhere.

I am proud to say that I was not affected. I do not think my immunity from the prevailing distemper was due to any physical superiority on my part. I think it was somewhat due to a certain moral grandeur and integrity that has always marked my actions, and also, in a great part, to my rigid training in the high schools of journalism, a training that has developed in me an almost unconquerable aversion to giving up anything I once get hold of.—*Burdette.*

### A Nice Point.

A new and interesting point, in what we may term the social branch of jurisprudence, has just been decided by a justice of the peace in Ellenville, N. Y. The gist of the decision is that when a young man volunteers to take a young lady out riding, and afterwards regrets the expenditure thus incurred, the young man thus volunteering cannot recover from the father of the young lady either for the value of his services or his expenses. Held furthe , that the society of the lady for the time being is full and ample payment for the ride. It appears that a young beau of Ellenville was so fortunate as to obtain the consent of two young ladies of the vicinity, daughters of a farmer by the name of Blumenaer, to go with him for a drive, or may be, several drives. These ladies are described as handsome, intelligent, the belles of the place, and much sought after for wives. Mr. Nicholas, however, though he courted both, thinking, doubtless, to give himself more margin thereby, found favor with neither, and was led in consequence to look upon his livery investment as an speculation. After mature consideration, Nicholas sued old Mr. Blumenaer for $400, being the value of of services rendered in taking defendent's daughters out riding. The defense was that the services were rendered without the request of defendent, and for plaintiff's sole benefit. It was also in evidence that one of the young ladies had offered plaintiff $100 to settle the affair. The case was ably argued for plaintiff by local legal talent, but he was nevertheless non-suited and a decision rendered as above.

### White Women Sold as Slaves.

The Constanitnople correspondent of the Philadelphia *Telegraph* writes:

There is a fair field here for any ardent abolitionists who may desire the freedom of the white as well as the black man. A few days ago a pasha, whose name must remain a mystery, was desirious of making a few additions to his harem, and got information that an invoice of slaves, male and female, principally Circassians, had arrived, and were stationed at the khan or warehouse of a widow, whose name is well known in high circles in connection with the slave traffic. His name secured the noble Turk an entree into the inner rooms of this establishment, where, jealousy garded by four eunuchs and the harpy herself who directed this ignoble trade, were six girls of great personal attractions, the flower of the flock. The pasha was astounded and dazzled, and asked the price of one, having, according to the disgusting practice of the slave market, examined her as a buyer does a horse. The sum named and adhered to by the hag was so exorbitant that he left the building enraged, and determined to possess himself of the coveted fair by stratagem. Accordingly he revealed the existance of this "cache" of slaves to the police, who, unfortunately for him, raided the establishment with such dispatch and thoroughness that, before the pasha got word of the expedition, the house was stripped, the slaves divided by sexes and sent to two different orphan homes, and the luckless widow placed in durance vile.

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The Philadelphia *North American* says, it is an open question now, and one that not a few would like to have answered, whether the Reading can throw up the lease of the North Pennsylvania at will, if it should be demonstrated that that would be the best policy; or whether the last named can make the Reading hold on as long as it does not default. If Reading at will can give up the lease, then North Pennsylvania stock, with the competitive line in operation, will probably never see a dividend. On the other hand, should Reading be compelled to hold on and fill its obligations, the building of the new road would put it in an awkward situation.

### A Miner's Good Fortune.

There is an Italian in Nevada City who owes a fortune to a drink of water. As the *Transcript* relates the incident, he arrived at the Golden Gate in quest of a fortune, and found his way to the Sierra Butte mine, where he failed to get employment. After receiving numerous rebuffs, he started to return to the lower country again. He became so weary, footsore and disheartened that he began to wish himself back to sunny Italy once more, among the vines and olives. He grew feverish thinking of his trials and tribulations, and stopped at a spring to moisten his parched throat. Cattle had been that way a short time before, and with their feet stirred up the limpid water until it became thick with mud. The Italian scooped out the basin, and waited until the sand should settle to the bottom, that he might slake his thirst and bathe his brow. By and by he stooped to drink. An astonishing sight met his eyes. The bottom of the spring was strewn with bright yellow particles that glittered in their watery bed. With all his ignorance of mining, he knew he had found gold. He rushed excitedly to a camp where lived some of his countrymen, and told the story of his discovery, but they were incredulous, saying that some miner had stopped at the spring to drink, and lost what was found from his purse. One of them, however, volunteered to help prospect the claim, although he had no confidence in developing a permanent or profitable one. The first day panned out $700. Since then they have worked it constantly, and on an extensive scale. It has paid handsomely from the first. Last year they took out $40,000, and sold one-quarter interest for $20,000 more.

### Fly Fishing.

Yesterday afternoon a bare legged nine year old boy was seen walking down Tennessee street from the north. He had a string of six bass, each weighing from three-quarters of a pound to a pound, in one hand, and a light cane pole resting gayly on his shoulder. The entire cost of his outfit was probably ten cents. An old angler stopped him, and looking through his concavo-convex glasses, examined the catch. Beauties, and no mistake!

"Where'd you catch 'em?"

"Over'n the creek," said Little Breeches.

"Crawfish?"

"No."

"What then?"

"Dunno name of the worm; find 'em in rotten wood."

"Not—not grubs?"

"Yes, them's thum—grubs."

The old angler, who affects fly fishing, and has $35 worth of tackle, turned away in deepest humiliation, while the boy with his ten cent tackle and grub-gotteu fins disappeared in the distance.

### About the Feminines.

A woman at Newton Highlands, Mass., has been fined $10 and costs for profanity.

An aged woman of Windsor Locks, Conn., died at a picnic which was given in her honor.

Chester has a sensation in the shape of a brutal husband driving his wife to madness and then forcibly conveying her to a mad house.

Man is a gudgeon; woman is the line; her smile the float; her kiss the bait; love is the hook, and marriage the frying pan.

A Brooklyn woman, married fifty years to her husband, wants a divorce. She says she has given him a fair trial and he won't do.

Miss Hagell and her little sister were drowned while bathing in the St. Lawrence river at Brockville, Ont., last Wednesday.

A certain young lady who was a little behind hand in her summer outfit surprised her parents the other day by asking why she was unlike George Washington. When they gave it up, she told them, because she had no little hat-yet.

Two women were caught in men's clothes stealing rare plants from a conservatory at Pittsfield, Mass., and a visit by officers to their home, a few miles from the town, revealed the fact that it was filled with stolen flowers. Unable to honestly gratify their love of the beautiful, they had put on trousers and become thieves to do so.

Miss Katy O'Boyle of Summitville, N. Y., caught a rat in the pantry, and it bit her through the finger. The wound healed and caused no trouble, but at length her hand and arm began swelling, and lockjaw set in. She suffered great pain from nervous spasms that came over her, grew worse and died.

Allie Cowger went to hear a lecture on education at Crawfordville, Ind., The speaker said that everything else ought to be sacrificed for the acquirement of knowledge. Allie went home deeply impressed by what she had heard, stole a horse and some money, rode fifty miles to a female seminary, and had bargained for schooling, when a pursuing constable arrived.

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The Reading Railroad Company have commenced the operation of widening the distance between the east and west tracks on the Germantown Branch, from Green street to Wayne Station, so as to allow the Pullman cars used on the Bound Brook route to pass each other. Each track will be moved out a foot, thus giving ten feet additional room for the passage of trains.

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Cream Chocolates, Caramels,
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and pastes of all kinds.
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Paper-Shelled Almonds,
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Full line of Fresh Family Drugs, Patent Medicines, Perfumeries, Fancy Soaps, and toilet articles generally.
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Highest prices paid for country produce.
*JOHN W. STUART,*
vol 11-7-1y STATE COLLEGE, PA.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Dinah M. Adams, deceased, late of Huston township, Centre Co., all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same, duly authenticated to
21 6 F. M. WEBB,
Bellefonte, May 29, '79. Executor.

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Gives tone to the stomach, improves the appetite and assists digestion, excites the bowels to healthy action, expelling all the foul humors that contaminate the blood, interrupt the secretions and offend the breath. It excites the liver to a healthy action and strengthens the nerves, imparting that glow to life that proceeds alone from perfect health. Thousands in all walks of life testify to the virtues of this excellent medicine in correcting the derangement of the digestive organs. Get the genuine. Sold only in one dollar bottles. Ask for *E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron*, and take no other.

**DYSPEPSIA. DYSPEPSIA. DYSPEPSIA.**

E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron is a sure cure for this disease. It has been prescribed daily for many years in the practice of eminent physicians with unparalleled success. Symptoms are loss of appetite wind and rising of food, dryness of mouth, headache, dizziness sleeplessness and low spirits. Get the genuine. Not sold in bulk, only in $1 bottles.
Do you want something to strengthen you? Do you want a good appetite? Do you want to get rid of nervousness? Do you want energy, to sleep well, or to be cured of dyspepsia, kidney or liver disease? Try E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. Every bottle guarnteed to do as recommended. Depot and office, 259 North 9th Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by all druggists. Ask for E. F. Kunkel's and take no other. All I ask is a trial of this valuable medicine. One bottle will convince you. Get six bottles for 5 dollars one dollar for one.

**Tape Worm Removed Alive.**

Tape Worm, Seat, Pin and Stomach Worms removed alive in two to four hours. No fee until head of Tape Worm passes, alive and in one. Ask your druggist for KUNKEL'S WORM SYRUP. Sold only in $1 bottles. Used for children or for grown persons. It never fails. Or send for circular to Dr. E. F. Kunkel, 259 North Ninth St. Advice free, by mail. Send three cent stamp or return of letter. 30-4w

**$25 to $5000** Judiciously invested in Wall St. lays the foundation for substantial fortunes every week and pays an immense percentage of profits by the New Capitalization System of operating in Stocks. Full explanation on application to Adams Brown, & Co., Bankers, 26 Broad Street, N. Y. 21 4

### Bunnell & Aikns.---Music Store.

# BELLEFONTE MUSIC STORE
# PIANOS, ORGANS & MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.
ALL THE POPULAR SHEET MUSIC.
Repairing and Tuning Done in the Best Manner.

***PIANOS.***
*CHICKERING,*
*STEINWAY,*
*ARION,*
*WATERS.*

***ORGANS.***
*ESTEY,*
*WATERS,*
*WOODS,*
*MASON & HAMLIN.*

## BARGAINS IN PIANOS AND ORGANS.

7-OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANOS, - - - - - $150.00.
9-STOP ORGANS, 2 FULL SETS OF REEDS, ONLY - - - 55.00,—Regular price, $270.00
13- " " 3 " " " " - - 75.00, " " 340.00.
This Organ has the Grand Organ Knee-Swell.

***Second-hand Organs as low as $25.00.*** ***Second-hand Pianos as low as $50.00.***
*Violins and Accordeons from $2 Upwards.* *Piano and Organ Instructors.* *Covers and Stools.*

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN
# SEWING MACHINES.

New Domestic, $30.00.
New White, 25.00.
New St. John, 25.00.
New Improved Singer, $22.50.
New Improved Howe, 22.50.
Second-hand Machines as low as $5.00.

AGENTS FOR E. BUTTERICK & CO.'S PERFECT-FITTING PATTERNS.
Orders by mail solicited and promptly filled. No agents employed. The buyers get the agents' profit. We buy our Pianos, Organs and Machines for Cash, and will give customers the advantage.

BUNNELL & AIKENS,
vol 11-8-tf Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

### Railroads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after June 29, 1879:

*WESTWARD.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia | | | 11 55 p m |
| " " Harrisburg | | | 4 25 a m |
| " " Williamsport | | | 8 35 a m |
| " " Jersey Shore | | | 9 07 a m |
| " " Lock Haven | | | 9 40 a m |
| " " Renovo | | | 11 00 a m |
| " arr at Erie | | | 7 35 p m |
| NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia | | | 8 39 a m |
| " " Harrisburg | | | 11 45 a m |
| " " Williamsport | | | 2 35 p m |
| " " Lock Haven | | | 3 55 p m |
| " " Renovo | | | 5 25 p m |
| Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at | | | 5 05 p m |
| FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia | | | 11 45 a m |
| " " Harrisburg | | | 3 55 p m |
| " " Williamsport | | | 7 25 p m |
| " arr at Lock Haven | | | 8 40 p m |

*EASTWARD.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| PACIFIC EXP. leaves Lock Haven | | | 6 40 a m |
| " " Jersey Shore | | | 7 15 a m |
| " " Williamsport | | | 7 55 a m |
| " arr at Harrisburg | | | 11 45 a m |
| " " Philadelphia | | | 3 15 p m |
| DAY EXP. leaves Renovo | | | 10 05 a m |
| " " Lock Haven | | | 11 20 a m |
| " " Williamsport | | | 12 40 p m |
| " arr at Harrisburg | | | 4 10 p m |
| " " Philadelphia | | | 7 20 p m |
| ERIE MAIL leaves Renovo | | | 8 50 p m |
| " " Lock Haven | | | 10 00 p m |
| " " Williamsport | | | 11 20 p m |
| " arr at Harrisburg | | | 3 00 a m |
| " " Philadelphia | | | 7 40 a m |
| FAST LINE leaves Williamsport | | | 12 35 a m |
| " arr at Harrisburg | | | 3 55 a m |
| " " Philadelphia | | | 7 40 a m |

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Erie Exp. West, Philadelphia Express East and Day Express East, and Sunday Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.
WM. A. BALDWIN, *Gen'l Sup't.*

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table December 31, 1877.

| *WESTWARD.* | Exp. A. M. | Mail P. M. |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Lock Haven | 5 25 | 3 25 |
| Flemington | 5 29 | 3 30 |
| Mill Hall | 5 33 | 3 33 |
| Beech Creek | 5 46 | 3 47 |
| Eagleville | 5 50 | 3 51 |
| Howard | 6 00 | 4 00 |
| Mount Eagle | 6 08 | 4 10 |
| Curtin | 6 13 | 4 16 |
| Milesburg | 6 23 | 4 25 |
| Bellefonte | 6 33 | 4 35 |
| Milesburg | 6 43 | 4 45 |
| Snow Shoe Int | 6 48 | 4 48 |
| Unionville | 6 58 | 4 58 |
| Julian | 7 09 | 5 10 |
| Martha | 7 18 | 5 21 |
| Port Matilda | 7 26 | 5 31 |
| Hannah | 7 34 | 5 40 |
| Fowler | 7 40 | 5 46 |
| Bald Eagle | 7 48 | 5 53 |
| Vail | 7 53 | 5 58 |
| East Tyrone | 7 58 | 6 03 |
| Arrive at Tyrone | 8 05 | 6 10 |
| *EASTWARD.* | P.M. | A.M. |
| Leave Tyrone | 7 08 | 8 30 |
| East Tyrone | 7 15 | 8 37 |
| Vail | 7 19 | 8 42 |
| Bald Eagle | 7 23 | 8 47 |
| Fowler | 8 54 | 7 30 |
| Hannah | 7 36 | 9 02 |
| Port Matilda | 7 44 | 9 11 |
| Martha | 7 52 | 9 20 |
| Julian | 8 01 | 9 30 |
| Unionville | 8 11 | 9 42 |
| Snow Shoe Int | 8 21 | 9 51 |
| Milesburg | 8 24 | 9 55 |
| Bellefonte | 8 32 | 10 03 |
| Milesburg | 8 45 | 10 15 |
| Curtin | 8 55 | 10 25 |
| Mount Eagle | 9 00 | 10 30 |
| Howard | 9 08 | 10 40 |
| Eagleville | 9 18 | 10 52 |
| Beech Creek | 9 22 | 10 57 |
| Mill Hall | 9 34 | 11 10 |
| Flemington | 9 37 | 11 14 |
| Arrive at Lock Haven | 9 42 | 11 18 |

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Dec. 31, 1878.
Leaves Snow Shoe 7.20 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 9.10 a. m.
Leaves Bellefonte 10.14 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.57 a. m.
Leaves Snow Shoe 3.20 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 4.42 p. m.
Leaves Bellefonte 5.15 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 6.47 p. m.
DANIEL RHOADS, *General Sup't.*

### Clothing.

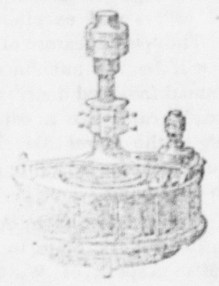
**WM. S. TRIPPLE.**
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Spring Street, Bellefonte, Pa.
FASHIONABLE SUITS
MADE TO ORDER AT
LOW CASH PRICES.
v5 12-1

### Watchmaker.

WATCHMAKER'S
REMOVAL.
**F. C. RICHARD**
takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the building opposite Bush's Arcade, next door to Deschner's gun store, on High street.
At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business, and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired on short notice. 7-8-tf

### Foundry and Machinists.

## W. P. Duncan & Co.,



BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS.

BELLEFONTE
PATENT WATER WHEEL,
STEAM ENGINES,
CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,
ROLLING MILL
AND
Grist Mill Machinery.
5 46a812-tf

### New Advertisements.

**$1500** TO $6000 A YEAR, or $5 to $10 a day in your own locality. No risk. Women do as well as men. Many make more than the amount stated above. No one can fail to make money fast. Any one can do the work. You can make from 50 cents to $2 an hour by devoting your evenings and spare time to the business. Nothing like it for money making ever offered before. Business pleasant and strictly honorable. Reader, if you want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address and we will send you full particulars and private terms free; samples worth $5 also free; you can then make up your mind for yourself. Address, GEO. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. 24-1y

**$10 to $1000** Invested in Wall Street Stocks makes fortunes every month. Book sent free explaining everything. Address, BAXTER & CO., Bankers, 17 Wall Street, New York. 29-4w

**Do you want to make some money?**

If so, here is a chance. Competent Agents Male or Female wanted to sell the **Rotary Seive.** The most Convenient Article for domestic use, for the purpose designed, ever invented. Its scoops, sifts, weighs, measures and mixes. Also for straining Fruit, Washing Rice etc.

Over 1000 Agents are now engaged in selling them in the west. Territory is eagerly taken wherever offered, so apply early. For particulars address, C. M. WHITE,
Gen. Agt. West Penn'a. Pittsburg, Pa.
10-27.

**BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER.**
See that each plaster has the word C-A-P-C-I-N-E cut through it, and insist on having no other. Ask your own physician as to its merits over all other.
20 4t

### Advertising Agencies.

## TO ADVERTISERS.

George P. Rowell & Co.'s
**SELECT LIST**
—OF—
LOCAL NEWSPAPERS

Many persons suppose this list to be composed of Cheap, low-priced newspapers. The fact is quite otherwise. The Catalogue states exactly what the papers are. When the name of a paper is printed in FULL FACE TYPE it is in every instance the BEST paper in the place. When printed in CAPITALS it is the ONLY paper in the place. When printed in roman letters it is neither the best nor the only paper, but is usually a very good one, notwithstanding. The list gives the population of every town, and the circulation of every paper. It is not a CO-OPERATIVE LIST. It is not a CHEAP LIST. At the foot of the catalogue of each State the important towns which are not covered by the list are enumerated. It is an HONEST LIST. The rates charged for advertising are barely one-fifth the publisher's schedule. The price for one inch four weeks in the entire list is $635. The regular rates of the papers for the same space and time are $3,136 55. The list includes 970 newspapers, of which 163 are issued daily and 807 weekly. They are located in 825 different cities and towns, of which 22 are State Capitals, 328 places of over 5,000 population, and 444 County Seats. Lists sent on application. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.'S Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., (Printing House Square,) New York. 10 33 1y

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST
# ADVERTISING
To Reach Readers Outside of the Large Cities.

OVER 1000 NEWSPAPERS DIVIDED INTO SIX DIFFERENT LISTS.

Advertisements received for one or more lists. For catalogues containing names of papers, and other information and for estimates, address
BEALS & FOSTER,
10 33 1y 10 Spruce St., New York.

### Miscellaneous.

# PATENTS

OBTAINED for Inventors, in the United States, Canada, and Europe, at reduced rates. With our principal Office located in Washington, directly opposite the United States Patent Office, we are able to attend to all Patent Business with greater promptness and despatch and less cost, than other patent attorneys, who are at a distance from Washington, and who have, therefore, to employ "associate attorneys." We make preliminary examinations and furnish opinions as to patentability, free of charge, and all who are interested in new inventions and Patents are invited to send for a copy of our "Guide for obtaining Patents," which is sent free to any address, and contains complete instructions how to obtain Patents and other valuable matter. We refer to the German-American National Bank, Washington, D. C.; the Royal Swedish, Norwegian, and Danish Legations, at Washington; Hon. Joseph Casey, late Chief Justice U. S. Court of Claims; to the Officials of the U. S. Patent Office, and to Senators and Members of Congress from every State.
Address, LOUIS BAGGER & CO., Solicitors of Patents and Attorneys at Law, Le Droit Building, Washington, D. C. 17-4f.

SIX CORD
ENDORSED BY OVER THIRTY SEWING MACHINE EXHIBITORS AT THE EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE,
Paris, 1878
AND INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, PHILADELPHIA, 1876,
As being "Very STRONG, SMOOTH, and EXCELLENT THREAD."
TRY IT
S.F.T.
ESTABLISHED 1826.
ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY BY USING
MANUFACTURED AT MOUNT HOLLY, N. J.
STUART & BRO (LIMITED) AGENTS, N. Y. & PHILA.
TRY IT
SEMPLE'S SIX CORD SPOOL COTTON
MEDALS AWARDED
PARIS. PHILADELPHIA. NEW YORK & BOSTON.
SOFT FINISH

# Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania, by

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

*TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:*

If paid in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

*RATES OF ADVERTISING:*

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

| SPACE OCCUPIED. | 3 mos. | 6 mos. | 1 year. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 inch (12 lin' this t'p'e) | $ 5 00 | $ 8 00 | $ 12 00 |
| Two inches | 7 00 | 10 00 | 15 00 |
| Three inches | 10 00 | 15 00 | 20 00 |
| Four inches | 11 00 | 17 00 | 25 00 |
| Quarter column | 12 00 | 20 00 | 30 00 |
| Half column | 20 00 | 35 00 | 55 00 |
| One column | 35 00 | 55 00 | 125 00 |

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

*JOB DEPARTMENT.*

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses, and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.


**REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.**

For Treasurer,

HON. SAMUEL BUTLER,

OF CHESTER COUNTY.

**Republican County Executive Committee.**

The following named gentlemen constitute the Republican Executive Committee of Centre county, for the year 1879:

JOHN B. LINN, Chairman, Bellefonte.

JOHN I. RANKIN, Sec'y, Bellefonte.

| DISTRICT. | NAMES. | ADDRESS. |
|---|---|---|
| Bellefonte—N.W.. | Dr. T. R. Hayes, | Bellefonte. |
| " —S.W.. | Jas I McClure, | " |
| " —W.W. | Wm Shortlidge, | " |
| Milesburg boro... | Claude Cook, | Milesburg |
| Howard boro..... | Robert Cook, Jr., | Howard |
| Philipsburg boro. | Capt Harry Simler, | Phil'sbrg |
| Unionville boro... | Benj Rich, | Fleming |
| Benner twp..... | S A Marshall, | Bellefonte |
| Boggs..... | Capt Austin Curtin, | Roland |
| Burnside..... | Dr M S Stewart, | Moshanon |
| College..... | Dr Theo S Christ, | Lemont |
| Curtin..... | John T Lucas, | Howard |
| Ferguson, O. P... | Cyrus Goss, | Pine Grove Mills |
| " N. P... | J G Bailey, | Rock Springs |
| Gregg..... | Dr J B Leitzell, | Spring Mills |
| Haines..... | Jas P Coburn | Aaronsburg |
| Half Moon..... | Harry C Love, | Loveville |
| Harris..... | Wm McFarlane, | Boalsburg |
| Howard..... | D B Pletcher, | Howard |
| Huston..... | D W Kline, | Julian |
| Liberty..... | H H Snyder, | Blanchard |
| Marion..... | Capt S H Bennison, | Walker |
| Miles..... | Reuben Grimm, | Madisonburg |
| Patton..... | Col G Dorsey Green, | Fillmore |
| Penn..... | A O Deininger, | Millheim |
| Potter, O.P..... | Wm P Shope, | Centre Hall |
| " N.P..... | W J Thompson, | Potters Mills |
| Rush..... | Geo B Simler, | Philipsburg |
| Snow Shoe..... | Capt C P Stoneroad, | Snow Shoe |
| Spring..... | A V Miller, | Pleasant Gap |
| Taylor..... | John W Morris, | Fowler |
| Union..... | Owen Underwood, | Fleming |
| Walker..... | Philip Walter, | Nittany |
| Worth..... | Alex Cheney, | Port Matilda |

## Additional Local Matters.

—It is rumored that Coup's circus is coming towards Bellefonte.

—Refresh yourself with birch beer at Green's.

—The roof of Bush's Arcade has been painted with fire-proof paint.

—Call on Harry Green and get a good cigar—best in the market.

—Mr. F. W. Crider was in Lock Haven Sunday visiting his parents.

—There were no services at the Presbyterian Church on Sunday.

—The new planing mill of J. D. Lieb & Co. is being covered with tin roofing.

—A great many cellars in town have been filled with coal for the winter.

—The brisk rain of last Thursday gave the crops considerable of a lift, so to speak.

—Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Hicks spent Sunday in Williamsport, returning on Monday.

—That hole in the sidewalk in front of the Conrad House is still there ready to knab somebody by the shin.

—Read the article on the 6th page of this issue entitled, "Wheat Culture," in which a new theory is laid down.

—C. M. Bower, Esq., and family returned last week from their visit to Watkin's Glenn and Niagara Falls.

—Mr. Joseph S. Woods, of Bristol, Pa., formerly engaged in the keg manufactory at this place, was in Bellefonte last week.

—Keane people pay forty cents more per bushel for new potatoes than Bellefonters. They ought to have a curb market up there.

—J. B. Kinsloe, of the Lock Haven *Republican*, has been elected a vice president of the Clinton and Lycoming Agricultural Society.

—The Williamsport *Sunday Breakfast Table* comes to us this week enlarged and greatly improved. It is the liveliest and best Sunday publication Williamsport ever had, and ought to be sustained.

—A boy 14 years of age, named George Higgins, living near Osceola, recently shot a panther measuring five feet in length. So says the Renova *Record*.

—A Reading man, by the name of Slyp, dislocated his jaw, recently, while eating watermelon. We were going to get off a joke on this, but Slyp-ed up on it.

—Clint Lindsey, the cigar manufacturer, is chuck full of business. He makes a first-class cigar, and people buy them all over the country.

—Beck, the barber, has a way fo his own of bringing his debetors to terms. He posts their bills up in his window and sells them to the highest bidder.

—The boys about town are watching the arrival of freight trains sharply, and the first peach car that makes its appearance will receive a great deal of attention.

—The reunion of the Veteran Club of Centre county will be held at Pleasant Gap this year. A meeting will be held at that place next Saturday, to make arrangements.

—Martin Kemmerer, who made such good time in the six day's walking match at Lock Haven, recently, will enter the O'Leary contest which comes off in Gilmore's Garden, New York, some time in September.

—The publishers of the *Rural New Yorker* inform us that their issue of September 5 will be the annual Fair edition. This is always a very interesting number, but this year all previous issues are to be surpassed. It will be elegantly gotten up, with tinted covers and excellent engravings. The special feature of the contents will be the announcement of the annual free seed distribution. As any reader can have a copy free by writing to the *Rural New Yorker*, 78 Duane street, it is an opportunity worth improving.

—The *Watchman* says: As Mr. W. R. Parks, of York State, in company with Miss Rupert, of Walker township, were going to the bush-meeting at Gentzel's grove, a week ago Sunday, some one attempted to pass them. By some means or other the front feet of the horse being driven past, got tangled up in the hind wheels of Mr. Parks' buggy. It took some time to straighten things out when it was discovered that the only damage done was a disabled buggy for Mr. Parks and a bruised horse for the other party.

—The examination of teachers for the schools of Centre county for 1879, will be held as follows:

Bellefonte, Tuesday, August 26.
Philipsburg and Rush, Philipsburg, Wednesday, August 27.
Taylor and Worth, Port Matilda, Thursday, August 28.
Huston, Julian, Friday, August 29.
Snow Shoe and Burnside, Snow Shoe, Tuesday, September 2.
Unionville and Union, Unionville, Thursday, September 4.
Milesburg and Boggs, Milesburg, Friday, September 5.
Patton, Waddle's School House, Tuesday, September 9.
Halfmoon, Stormstown, Wednesday, September 10.
Ferguson, Pine Grove, Thursday, September 11.
Harris, Boalsburg, Friday, September 12.
Spring, Valentine's School House, Tuesday, September 16.
Behner, Knox's School House Wednesday, September 17.
College, Lemont, Thursday, September 18.
Potter, Centre Hall, Friday, September 19.
Gregg, Penn Hall, Saturday, September 20.
Walker, Hublersburg, Monday, September 22.
Marion, Jacksonville, Tuesday, September 23.
Liberty, Eagleville, Wednesday, September 24.
Howard and Curtin, Howard, Thursday, September 25.
Penn and Millheim, Millheim, Saturday, September 27.
Haines, Aaronsburg, Monday, September 29.
Miles, Rebersburg, Tuesday, September 30.

A special examination to fill vacancies will be held at the Superintendent's office, Bellefonte, Thursday, October 2d.

## Items of Interest.

"I don't precisely just have to," is what they say in the West.

The beehive is the poorest thing on earth to fall back on.

Hot weather enables a man to leave off a number of bad habits.

Nat. Burbank says: As soon as a passenger car is loaded it ought to go off.

A Camden chap calls his watch chain Music, because it has charms.

Great Britain and Ireland, and their shipping trade, consume 113,000,000 tons of coal a year.

In his expedition to the river Godbout, to which we have referred in previous issues, Mr. Hallock gives us this account of the result: "During the ten days while I was on the river our joint score comprised 62 fine salmon which averaged 15 lbs. apiece, and aggregated 916 pounds in weight."

## LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

### The School Board Called to Account.

TO THE CITIZENS OF BELLEFONTE:

I understand that at the meeting of the Bellefonte School Board, held on Saturday, the 2d inst., at which some of the members were not notified to attend, and held at such an hour that the members of the board who are engaged in business could not be present, it was represented by Mr. Gray that the absent members would be satisfied with the course they would pursue in the selection of a teacher for the vacancy caused by the resignation of Miss Graham. This statement is untrue, for some of the members were out of town, and as others were not notified they could not acquiesce. Now mark the change they made—Miss McGinley is taken from the lowest school in the building and promoted to one of the primary schools down stairs, over Miss Nesbit, Miss Rankin, Miss McCafferty and Miss Campbell. Any of the above ladies are well qualified to teach third or fourth grade schools, so that the members of the board, in making this change, do not represent the wishes of four members at least, as they have overlooked equity and precedent, to say nothing about holding a meeting at an hour in the morning, and on a day, Saturday, the busiest day of the week with business men.

It was certainly ungentlemanly and disrespectful to those who were not present. For the business that was to be attended to was not an absolute necessity. The fault of this meeting rests on the President, Mr. Furst, or the Secretary, Mr. Heinle, or both. There were others applying for schools, some from the North and South wards, whose applications ought to have been considered at that meeting. Some of their parents have paid taxes in this borough over fifty years. Would it not be well in view of these facts, for the tax-payers to see to it at the next election, that no members are returned who are more interested in a teacher or teachers than in the children and the tax-payers of the borough.

JUSTICE.

### Pomona Grange Meeting.

The meeting of the County Grange at Centre Hall, on the 5th inst., was more than usually interesting. The session opened at 11 A. M. After reading the minutes of the April session the various committees not all being present yet to report, the question of "how to maintain the interest in the subordinate Granges" was discussed, Dr. James Calder opening the subject, Brothers J. A. Hunter, G. Dale, Col. Weaver and others participating in the discussion. At 12 A. M. the Grange adjourned till 1½ p. m., when we had a crowded house, upwards of two hundred Patrons being present, nearly one half being Sisters. The Grange was called to order by the Worthy Master, Leonard Rhone, when those holding credentials were handed in, passed upon by the committee and elected to all the privileges of the County Grange and to be vested with honors and mysteries of the degree of Pomona which has no precedent. There never has been a meeting held that there was not a class seeking to enter the high privileges of this 5th degree. The Worthy Master then read his opening address which he is always prepared with, to an attentive, audience reviewing the proceedings during the quarter ending, and suggesting what may be necessary for the welfare of the order. His address was on resolution, referred to a special committee and will be published.

The Insurance department then submitted the Quarterly Report, showing a large and rapid gain for the quarter ending more than for any quarter during the year. The insurance interests were largely discussed and great confidence expressed on the flattering results, after which the report was adopted.

The special committee called by the Worthy Master on account of a number of the subordinate Granges being assessed by the Mecantile Appraiser, submitted their report setting forth the fact that three of the Granges of Centre county had been assessed by the appraiser for license on account of ordering supplies for their own use; that after due consideration of matters they employed an attorney and appeared at the appeal on the 30th of May, and argued the case before the appraiser and the County Treasurer; that Spring Mills Grange was exonerated, not coming under the Mercantile law, on account of the provision of the law which allows any persons or associations to do a business to any amount of under $100,000 a year without license. Providence and Progress Granges were refused exoneration whereupon they took out an appeal to court inside of ten days; that it was now pending in court till the August term, when the case is to be argued. These Granges have clearly never kept a store for the accommodation of the public, and only kept supplies for the use of the members of the Grange, upon the orders which goods were purchased from regularly licensed dealers. The report was unanimously adopted. The live stock department submitted their report, showing that they had already shipped nearly as much stock as they did for the whole period of last year. The interests of the association were ably discussed and unanimously adopted.

On motion it was resolved to hold our annual picnic on the 25th of September, on the top of Nittany Mountain, near Centre Hall, six miles south of Bellefonte, on the grounds of Brother Henry Keller, the great and popular resort of picnics in the county, which is easy of access, the turnpike from Bellefonte running to the place, and only seven miles from Spring Mills, a railroad terminus, and six from Bellefonte.

The committee on the Worthy Master's address then submitted their report, restricting the eligability of directors and agents in the Patrons Insurance Company to persons who are members of districts and Pomona Granges, where such granges exist. The same rules to apply to the Patrons Stock Association. The picnic already being decided on, they did not report the resolution in reference to it. The report includes the following resolution in reference to the Pennsylvania State Agricultural College, all of which were separately and unanimously adopted:

*Resolved*, That we have heard with a very great deal of astonishment, the report presented to the last session of the State Legislature concerning the Pennsylvania State College, that from our knowledge of the purposes and work of the institution, the ability of its instructors and students we renounce said report as untruthful and malicious in intent.

*Resolved*, That with a desire to benefit the agricultural community, we heartily commend the College to the patronage of all who have sons and daughters to educate.

A committee from the Clinton Co. Pomona Grange was present, Brothers Shrock, Smith and Clepper. The Worthy Lecturer, Dr. Calder, delivered a short instructive address on the value of fruits for table, and how easily the Sister can have a variety for the table every day of the week by a little forethought; that too frequently the Sister made but very little provision for breakfast till the time came, then it would be the same that they had for a whole week, while if on Tuesday they would take a little thought for Wednesday, it would save a great deal of worry and spare time, besides, with something different for every day of the week.

At 5 o'clock the Grange adjourned till eight in the evening, when the Grange opened in the fifth degree, the majority having remained for the evening session. The County Grange having purchased entirely new paraphenalia and everything in the most perfect arrangements, this proved to be the grandest and most impressive degree meeting ever held. There is hardly an agricultural organization in the State so well fixed—the hall is carpeted with Japanese carpet; adorned with splendid pictures and works of art; lace curtains that run from the ceiling to the floor, and a splendid library. Brother B. O. Deininger, of Millheim, presented the Grange with a large engraving of the "Lord's prayer," for which the Grange tendered him a unanimous rising vote of thanks.

This was the most earnest meeting ever held; there was a strong manifestation in every one to do or die. Nothing dragged or became tiresome.

A PATRON.

Centre Hall, Aug. 7, '79.

Surgeons Walter K. Schofield and Thomas Hiland, United States Navy, have volunteered for duty under the National Board of Health on yellow fever service.

Henry Miller was hanged at Johon sonville, Sunflower county, Miss., on Friday for the murder of Henry Murphy. Both colored.

On Saturday the dwelling of John Russell, of Medford, Mass., was entered by thieves and robbed of $5000 in money and jewelry.

Too much of a good thing, as the kitten said when it fell into the milk pail.

Hope is the sugar-coating on the pill of live.

## WASHINGTON.

*Special Correspondent.*

Aug. 9, 1879.

An evidence of care and economy in the conduct of one branch of the Government is shown by an official statement from the Treasury Department of the receipts and expenses of customs. Receipts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1879, $98,045,899; expenses $2,128,252, against $91,992,931 receipts and $2,320,552 expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30 1878.

The Treasury of the United States will, on and after the last of this month, pay ten per cent. of the salaries of Government employees here in silver. This will put about $100,000 per month in that coin in circulation here, and if Government contractors here were paid in like manner the amount would be nearly doubled.

Reports just received from Gen'l Miles, who is watching Sitting Bull, are to the effect that that chief will remain on Canadian soil. While Indians remain where they cannot reach us or we reach them, there will be peace, and for this reason it is gratifying to know of this new determination of the most dangerous of all living Indians.

Letters just received from Maine confirm all that Secretary Sherman said on his return from that State as to the prospect of Republican success. There may not be an old-fashioned Republican victory, but it is evident that Maine has seen her last Democratic Governor for the present.

For the present fiscal year reports have been received from 121 out of the 126 Internal Revenue collectorships in the United States, and shows a very gratifying condition of the service. Not one dollar of the public moneys passing throught the hands of the 121 collectors whose accounts have been examined has been lost or unaccounted for, and no breach of trust of any kind has occurred in the revenue service during the year. Commissioner Baum has prepared and is now sending to all collectors whose accounts and records have been examined and approved an engraved circular letter expressing the thanks and approbation of the Dep't for their faithful service.

Gen'l. Ewing, next to Senator Blaine and Speaker Randall, sends out more documents to his State than any other Congressman, and when he left here to take part in the State canvass he made arrangements for "flooding" the State with speeches, leaving his "frank" in the shape of numerous hand stamps, for that purpose. He selected the documents to be sent. But some hard money Democrat or other opponent of the General got possession of lots of his envelopes and has been sending into Ohio large numbers of good solid Republican speeches under the General's frank. Imagine the feelings of the General when he learned of this.

PHIL.

## Fish Story.

A monster fish makes its home in a deep pool in the Ohio River, in the vicinity of Great Bend. It has been seen a number of times, and by different persons, during the last nine years. It is most often seen when the river is low. Mr. W. H. Hall, a reliable and responsible man, who keeps the ferry at that point, declares that it is fully 16 feet long, and as large around as the body of a horse. It is of a dark color, very attractive in its movements, and only rises to the surface for a moment, consequently it is impossible to get a complete description of it. Attempts have been made to capture it, and large hooks have been manufactured for the purpose, but so far all have failed. It is claimed by some of the people living in that vicinity that there are two of these fish there. It is also related that small boys are not in the habit of going in swimming in that part of the river.

It is stated that Mr. Franklin B. Gowen, President of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad has succeeded in negotiating a large loan for his road in London. He is now traveling in France and is expected in Paris on the 5th of this month, where he will be joined by Hon. Lin Bartholomew, of Pottsville, and Mr. George R. Kaercher, who was District Attorney of Schuylkill Co. at the time Mr. Gowen assisted in the prosecution of the Mollie Maguires there. He will reach Philadelphia about the last of August.

The Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company are turning out at its shops 39 oil tank cars per month to accommodate its new oil traffic with the Tidewater company.

Burglars are operating on the depots of the lateral roads of the Philadelphia and Reading company, but every safe cracked is found empty. The thieves get no money.

The increase of flouring mills in the four States of Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota from 1860 to to 1870 was from 1,138 to 3,000.

The Washington dead letter office receives more than two million letters a year.

Many men seek appointments, but few seek disappointments.

## *Legal.*

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, Levari Facias and Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in Bellefonte, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 23, A. D 1879,

at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate of the defendants, to wit:

No. 1.—All that certain tract or piece of land situate in Madisonburg, Centre county, Pa., and marked in the general plan of said town as lot No. 42, bounded on the east by High St., on the south by lot of Samuel Shafer, on the west by an alley, and on the north by a lot of John Limbert, containing in breadth along said High street 66 feet, and in depth to said alley 181½ feet; it being the premises which Daniel Rishel and Sarah, his wife, by indenture bearing even date herewith, granted and confirmed unto the said R. G. Hockman, his heirs and assigns—thereon erected a two-story frame house, stable and outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of R. G. Hockman.

No. 2.—All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the north by lands of John P. Harris; on the east by lands of A. G. Curtin, on the south by an alley, and on the west by lands of James Haley, fronting on said alley about 70 feet, extending back about 200 feet to lands of John P. Harris—thereon erected a two-story double frame dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Patrick Kelley.

No. 3.—All those two certain lots or messuages of ground bounded and described as follows: First, beginning at the north side of the lot known as the parsonage lot of the German Reformed and Lutheran Church; thence along the line of Spring street north twenty-five feet; thence east 200 feet to an alley; thence south along said alley 25 feet to lot of said parsonage; thence west along the line of parsonage lot 200 feet to the place of beginning—more fully described in Deed Book E, page 644; thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house and other outbuildings.

ALSO,

Second—Beginning at the north side of the lot of H. D. Yerger; thence along the line of Spring street north 25 feet; thence east along lot of Charles McCafferty 200 feet to an alley; thence along said alley south 25 feet to corner of lot of H. D Yerger; thence west along the line of said lot 200 feet to the place of beginning. Both lots of ground situate in the North Ward of Bellefonte, Centre county, State of Pennsylvania. No buildings Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of H. D. Yerger.

No. 4.—All that certain lot or piece of land situate in Patton township, Centre county, Pa., bounded on the north by the lands of J. M. Bush and wife, on the east and south by lands of Moses Thompson, and on the west by lands of Sarah J. Stevenson, containing 24 acres and 83 perches, more or less. No buildings Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of J. M. Bush.

No. 5.—All that certain tract or piece of land situate in Curtin township, Centre county, Pa., bounded on the north by lands of Mary Yeringer, on the east by lands of Peter Robb, and on the south by lands of Mrs. Quay, and on the west by lands of J. Mann, containing 84 acres, more or less, about 80 acres cleared, thereon erected a two-story dwelling house, log barn and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Confer.

No. 6.—All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in the township of Spring, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at stones; thence by lands of Jonathan Krise, south 38° east 55 perches to stones; thence north 52° east 23 perches to stones; thence 38° east 110 perches to chestnut oak; thence by lands la e of James Gordon, north 52° east 97 perches to stones by a white pine; thence by lands of same north 38° east 160 perches to a pine; thence by lands of same, south 52° west 117 perches to the place of beginning, containing one hundred acres, more or less, unimproved. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of W. P. Duncan, administrator of Dr. J. B. Mitchell, deceased.

No. 7.—All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Jacksonville, Marion township, Centre county, Pa., bounded on the north by lands of Wm. Long, deceased, on the east by lands of Samuel Aley and others, on the south by public road, and on the west by lands of Amos Ertley—containing three acres, more or less, thereon erected a large frame building, used as a dwelling house, frame stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of D. G. Kline.

No. 8.—All that certain piece of land situate in Haines township, Centre county, Pa., beginning at a spruce, thence along lands of Andrew Korman, south 73¼° west 154 perches to a small hickory grub; thence along lands of Jacob Musser, south 19¾° east 231 perches to stones; thence along the mountain, north 67¾° east 153 perches to a pitch pine; thence along lands of Peter Hosterman, north 19½° west 224 perches to the place of beginning, containing 205 acres and 117 perches and allowance, it being the same tract of land that John Rupp and his wife Mahala, granted to the said Simon Rote and Thomas Harper, their heirs and assigns, by their deed dated May 1, 1865, recorded in the Recorder's Office, at Bellefonte, Deed Book I, No. 2, page 320, and the said Simon Rote and Thomas Harper, by their deed bearing the date above mentioned, have granted to J. G. Meyer, Geo. C. Meyer, D. S. Boyer and J. S. Sminkey. (The said J. G. Meyer, party hereto, owns the ¼ undivided part of the above described property or tract of land.) Thereon erected a two-story frame house, saw mill, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of J. G. Meyer, with notice to all terre tenants.

No. 9.—All that certain tract or piece of land situate in Miles township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a stone, thence by land of said Rishel south 60° east 40¼ perches to a post, north 76½° east 16 2-10 perches to stones; thence by land of John W. Sholl, north 24° west 98½ perches to post; thence by land of said Strohecker south 73° west 39½ perches to stone, south 23° east 60 perches to stone; thence by land of Andrew Immel south 7° east 7 perches to stones; and thence by land of grantee north 73° east 4½ perches to the place of beginning; containing 21 acres 126 perches neat measure. It being the same premises which C. H. Stoheckler, by indenture, bearing date the 15th day of February, A. D. 1877, for the consideration therein mentioned, did grant and confirmt to Daniel Rishel, party hereto, and his heirs and assigns forever. No buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Daniel Rishel.

No. 10.—All those certain tracts of land situate in Gregg and Miles township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stone, thence along land of Daniel Hoy and Christian Houtz north 20½° west 12 4-10 perches to stone; thence along land of said Houtz and Peter Klinefelder north 75° east 52 perches to a stone; thence south 24° east 12 3-10 perches to a stone; thence south 62½° west 22 perches to a stone; thence south 76¾° west 10 1-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 4 acres 52 perches, neat measure.

ALSO,

One other tract or lot of ground situate in Gregg township, adjoining the above mentioned tract of land. Beginning at a stone, thence along land of David Hoy 60° east 6½ perches to a stone; thence north 26° west 4 perches and a half to the place of beginning, containing 20 perches and allowance.

ALSO,

One other tract or lot of ground situate in the township of Gregg aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a corner of George Spade's land, thence along same south 31½° east 62 perches to a stone, thence along land of John Yerick north 67° east 5 2-10 perches to a stone; thence north 80½° west 62 perches to a stone; thence south 77° west 5 2-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 2 acres, neat measure; thereon erected a one and a half story log house, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Samuel Kern.

No. 11.—All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Potter township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the north by lands of Mrs. Spangler, on the east by lands of Pye and others, on the south by lands of Mrs. Spangler, on the west by lands of Mrs. From, containing five acres, more or less; thereon erected a two story log dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Josiah Taylor.

No. 12.—All that certain lot or piece of ground

situate in the borough of Unionville, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Fronting on the west on Chestnut street sixty feet; on the south by lands of B. F. Widmer, deceased, 120 feet; on the east by an alley sixty feet, and on the north by an alley 120 feet; being designated in the general plan of said borough as lot No. 9, being the same lot of ground which Benjamin Rich and wife, by deed, dated October 3, A. D. 1864, granted and conveyed to A. P. Heller, reference thereto being had will more fully and at large appear; thereon erected a one and a half story frame dwelling house and outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Geo. Eastman and Martha Eastman his wife.

No. 13.—All the right, title and interest of the defendants in and to that certain tract of land situate, lying and being in Half Moon township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post on the ridge, thence by lands of Christian Van Pool north 48½° east 95 perches to a post; thence by lands of Daniel Beck south 41½° east 320 perches to stones; thence by lands of G. and J. H. Shonbarger south 48½° west 35 perches to a pine; thence by lands of —— Loder north 41½° west 320 perches to the place of beginning, containing 179 acres and 39 perches and allowance, being the same tract of land deeded by Isaac Kauffman and wife to Abednego Stephens, which deed is on record in Book T, page 158, in Recorder's Office, of Centre county; thereon erected a two story brick house, small tenant house, bank barn and other outbuildings.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to that certain tract of land situate in Half Moon township, Centre county, Pa., on the Bald Eagle Ridge, adjoining lands of Christian Van Pool and others, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a white pine, north 39° east and 112 perches to a pine; thence north 50° west 38 perches to a white oak, south south 45° west 49 perches to a post, south 35° west 89 perches to stones, south 62° west 23 perches to a post, south 74° west 55 perches to a birch, south 39° west 118 perches to a black oak, south 58° west 91 perches to chestnut oak, a small distance to McKnight's line; thence along said line southeast course about 51 perches to a post; thence north 43° east — perches to a black oak, north 51° east 174 perches to a pine, north 81° east 30 perches to a corner, and north 10° and 42 perches to the place of beginning, containing 139 acres and allowance, it being part of a large tract granted to George Wilson by patent, dated January 18, 1798.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to one third of 1,500 acres, more or less, of land situate in Rush township, Centre county, Pa., being the same tract of land that was patented to and in the name of Jacob Metzker, William Dentler, Jacob Stough, Philip Eberman and John Eberman. See Deed Book M, No. 2, page 290, in Recorder's Office of Centre county.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of defendant in and to that certain tract of land situate in Rush township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: It being that part of the Casper Laurance tract beginning at the maple corner at the pond, adjoining the forty acres of the Samuel Chestnut tract, reserved in the deed from Abednego Stephens and Rebecca B. Stephens, his wife, to Thomas McCauley and David K. Raney, dated May 27, A. D. 1864—containing 15 acres, more or less. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Thomas W. Grafius.

No. 14.—All those two certain messuages, tenements and tracts of land situate in the village of Centre Hall, township of Potter, county of Centre and State of Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: One thereof bounded on the south by the Brush Valley road, on the east by the Lutheran church lot, on the north by land late of the Centre Hall Manufacturing Company, and on the west by land of John Neff, Jr., containing about one fourth of an acre, and being the same lot which Daniel B. Oberholtzer and wife, by their deed dated November 9, 1870, did grant and convey unto the said William Gilbraith; thereon erected a good two story frame dwelling house, a stable and other outbuildings.

ALSO,

The other thereof: Beginning at the northwest corner of lot of John Neff, Jr., thence by an outlot of the said Neff north 123½ feet to a stone; thence east by lands of Thomas Evans 118 feet to an alley; thence by said alley S. E. 96 feet to an alley; thence by said alley S. W. 158 feet to the place of beginning—containing 54 perches; being the same lot which the president and directors of the Centre Hall Manufacturing Company, by their deed dated the 12th day of May, 1871, did grant and convey unto the said William Galbraith, party hereto, together with all and singular the buildings, improvements, woods, ways, rights, liberties and privileges. No buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William Gilbraith.

No. 15.—All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Ferguson township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at stone in middle of alley between Theodore Readet and the said Condo, thence north 59° east 12 6-10 perches to post, corner of line of Samuel McWilliams; then by same south 26° east 10 perches to post; thence by land of John Goheen south 59° west 12 6-10 perches to post; thence by lot of Theodore Readet north 26° west 10 perches to place of beginning—containing 126 perches, neat measure; thereon erected a one and a half story frame dwelling house and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of J. M. Thompson.

No. 16.—All that certain messuage, tenement and lot of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the north by Logan street, on the east by lot of Martha Samuels, on the south by an alley, and on the west by lot of Mrs. Lewis; having a front of 40 feet on Logan street and extending back 200 feet to said alley. No buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Patrick Gorman.

No. 17.—All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in Burnside township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north by John Hoy, on the east by same, on the west by William Stewart, thereon erected a one and a half story log house, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William Askey.

No. 18.—All that certain messuage, tenement and lot of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., bounded on the north by Bellefonte Gas Company lot, on the east by an alley, on the south by lot of Miss McGill, and on the west by Spring street, fronting on said Spring street 60 feet and extending back 200 feet to said alley; thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of George W. Tate.

No. 19.—All the right, title and interest of M. L. McKean, deceased, at and immediately before the time of his decease in and to all that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in Walker township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a stone in the centre of public road leading from Bellefonte to Hublersburg, thence along land of the heirs of Geo. Shaffer, deceased, north 48° west 36 5-10 perches to a stone; thence along same south 44° west 123 perches to stone; thence along land of David Solt and David Harshberger, north 12° west 166 2-10 perches to a post; thence by lands formerly owned by David Lutz north 52° west 57 perches to a stone; thence by lands of Michael Shaffer, south 45° east 10 2-10 perches to a stone; thence along same north 44° east 68 5-10 perches to a stone; thence by land of Martin Brumgard south 46° east 122 2-10 perches to stone; thence by same north 44° east 13 2-10 perches to a post; thence by lands of Adam Vonada south 48° east 50 2-10 perches to a stone in the centre of the public road leading from Bellefonte to Hublersburg; thence along centre of public road south 54½° west 103 6-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 162 acres and 5 perches, neat measure; thereon erected a two story frame house, bank barn and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of M. L. McKean, deceased.

No. 20.—All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of Ridge land situate in Liberty township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at stones, thence north 45° west 63 perches to stones; thence by land in warrantee name of Samuel Custin south 42½° west 102 perches to stones and land of John Thompson; thence by land of said Thompson south 45° east 63 perches to stones; thence by land of Christian Holter north 44° east 103 perches to the place of beginning; containing 40 acres and 57½ perches. No building. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John D Gardner.

No. 21.—All that certain messuage, tenement and lot of land situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning on the extension of Spring street at the corner lot of James Clark, thence northwest along said line to line of A. Stewart; thence along said line in a southwesterly direction 26 feet; thence southeast and parallel to the James Clark line aforesaid to the extension of Spring street before mentioned; thence along said Spring street to the place of beginning, it being the northern part of lot No. 192 in the general plot or plan of said borough, and fronting 26 feet on said Spring street; thereon erected a two story frame house and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of James and Catherine Dolan.

No. 22.—All that certain messuage, tenement and lot of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., and lying on Spring street and extending back to Locust alley, adjoining lots of George W. Tate on the north and S. and P. Keenan on the south, and known as lot No. 137 in the general plan of said borough, being the same lot of ground which George Meyers and wife, by deed, dated the 8th day of May, A. D. 1866, assigned the same to Bridget McGill, party hereto; thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Bridget McGill.

No. 23.—All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Spring township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post, corner of lands of William Toland and William Telley, thence by the land of the latter north 59½° west 8 3-10 perches to post; thence north 30½° west 37 perches to a post; thence by lands of the Thomas estate south 61° west 40 perches to a post in the road; thence by said road south 40° east 19 perches to a post; thence by land of William Poorman north 61° east 13 perches to a post; thence by lands of Jacob Bartlett south 29° east 14 perches to a post; thence by lands of William Toland north 61° east 3 perches to a post, the place of beginning—containing 4 acres and 22 perches, neat measure. No buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Isaac Haupt.

No. 24.—All that lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north by lot of John Delaney, on the east and southeast by an alley or street, and on the west by public road leading from Bellefonte to Roopsburg—containing about one-fourth of an acre, more or less; thereon erected a two story frame house, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Samuel F. Foster.

No. 25.—All that certain messuage, tenement and lot or piece of ground known as the north half or end of lot No. 128 in the general plan of the borough of Bellefonte fronting 60 feet on Howard street and running back 100 feet, bounded on the north by Howard street, on the west by lot of Mrs. Sarah Irwin, and on the east by lot of Mrs. Mary Ann Irwin, being the same lot which Mrs. Harriet F. Kinsloe, by her deed, dated September 8, 1871, and recorded in Deed Book H, No. 2, page 204, did grant and convey unto the said Evan B. Fisher, party hereto; thereon a two story frame house and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Even B. Fisher.

No. 26.—All that certain part of the lot or piece of ground situate on the northwest corner of Bishop street and Allegheny street in the borough of Bellefonte, beginning and joining the old store room of William Ickoff; thence on straight line north to line; thence along Curtin's line to Allegheny street; thence along Allegheny street to the corner of Bishop St.; thence along Bishop street west to the place of beginning, containing 53 feet and one inch on Bishop street, and 50 feet on Allegheny street, be the same more or less. It being a part of a certain messuage and lot of ground situate in the borough aforesaid, containing 50 feet front on Allegheny street, and extending thence by a line along Bishop street westward 100 feet to a post; thence by line parallel with Allegheny street to the intersection of the lot of Roland Curtin; thence by lot No. 92 in the general plan of said borough to Allegheny street which Josedh I. Lingle, High Sheriff of Centre county, did on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1852, by deed poll, grant, convey and sell unto H. Brockerhoff of the aforesaid borough; thereon erected a three story frame building, used as a store room and offices.

ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Fronting on Bishop street about 60 feet and extending back along east side of Allegheny street about 200 feet to Logan street, on the east by lot of George W. Blackford, and on the west by Allegheny street; thereon erected a large two stone frame building, known as the "Butts House," and other outbuildings.

ALSO,

Also all that certain lot of piece of ground situate on the corner of Allegheny and Bishop streets, in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Fronting on Bishop street about 60 feet and extending back along the west side of Allegheny street about 200 feet to Logan street, and on the west by lot of Mrs. Howard, and on the east by Allegheny street; thereon erected a two story frame building, used as a ware room, together with smaller buildings, used as tenant houses. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Edward Brown.

No. 27.—All that certain messuage, tenement and lot of ground situate in the township of Spring, county of Centre, and State of Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at stones on the east side of the old Lewistown road, thence by lands late of John Irvin north 42¼° east 40 perches; thence by lands late of Henry Vandyke south 45¼° east 9 perches; thence south 42° west 40 perches to east side of said road; thence by the same north 45¼° west 9 perches to the place of beginning, containing 2¼ acres, neat measure, being the same lot of ground which John Hoffer and Sarah, his wife, and James Ward and Ruth C., his wife, by deed dated the 26th day of July, A. D. 1856, recorded in Centre County Deed Book B, No. 2, page 74, granted and conveyed to John H. Orvis and Carrie E., his wife; thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John H. Orvis and Carrie E. Orvis, his wife.

ALSO,

All that certain lot of ground situate in Spring township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the south corner of a lot owned and occupied by mortgagers (now Michael Runkle) on the old Lewistown road, thence along the line of said lot eastwardly 40 rods; thence in a southernly direction 4 rods; thence in a westerly direction 40 rods to the said Lewistown road; thence northerly along said road to the place of beginning, containing one acre, be the same more or less; thereon erected a 1½ story frame dwelling house, small stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John H. Orvis and Carrie E. Orvis, his wife.

ALSO,

All that undivided fourth part of a tract of land situated in Potter township, Centre county, Pa., bounded on the north by lands of James and Jacob Grove, Samuel Huston and George Durst, on the east by lands of James Grove, on the south by lands of Jonathan Royer and —— Woods, on the west by lands of William Haney and James and Jacob Grove—containing 192 acres, more or less, and known as the Stump farm; thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house, bank barn and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and sold as the property of John H Orvis.

No. 28.—All that right, title and interest of John M. McKelvey in and to that certain messuage or tract of land situated in Huston township, Centre county, Pa., beginning at a stone in the run; thence by lands of Joseph F. Williams south 41½° west 55 perches to stones; thence by lands of same south 80°, west 39 perches to post; thence by lands of James Ardry north 51°, east 58.4 perches to white oak; thence by lands of same south 27°, east 90 perches to pine thence by lands of same south 33°, east 49 perches to post; thence by lands of John Wagner north 60°, east 82 perches to post thence by lands of Scott Williams north 36°, east 32 perches to chestnut oak; thence by lands of same north 50°, east 84 perches to post; thence by lands of same north 51°, east 18 perches to stones in run; thence up said run 54 perches to post; thence by said lands of Brown & McKelvey south 51°, west 8 perches to a post; thence by lands of the same westerly 39 perches to post; thence by lands of same north 51°, east 6 perches to run; thence up said run 62 perches to stones, the place of beginning—containing 201 acres net, be the same or less; thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling and other out buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Kennedy.

No. 29.—All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Boggs township, Centre Co., Pa., bounded on the west by lands of Shope, on the northeast by lands of Curtins, on the south by lands of James Zimmerman, on the east by other lands of Curtin—containing 200 acres, more or less; thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house, bank barn and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Lawrence Curtin.

TERMS CASH. No deed will be acknowledged till the purchase money is paid in full.

32-3w JOHN SPANGLER, Sheriff.

CAUTION.—I hereby caution all persons not to meddle with any of the personal property now in the possession of Joseph W. Myers, as I bought the same at constable's sale on the eleventh day of July, 1879 32 4t

Julian, Aug. 9, 1879 JOHN CRAIG.

*New Advertisements.*

B. & S. S. R. R.

# EXCURSION

To Snow Shoe.

—o—

EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY & SATURDAY IN AUGUST, 1879.

—o—

Tickets for Round Trip, $1

DANIEL RHOADS, Sup't.

11-31-3t

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas, the Hon. Charles A. Mayer, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 25th judicial district, consisting of the Counties of Centre, Clinton and Clearfield, and the Hon. Samuel Frank and the Hon. John Divens, Associate Judges in Centre county, having issued their precept, bearing date, 12th day of July, A. D., 1879, to me directed, for holding a court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre, and to commence on the fourth Monday of Aug. next, being the 25th day of Aug. 1879, and to continue two weeks. Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Alderman and Constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 22nd day of July, in the year of our Lord, 1879 and in the one hundred and third year of the independence of the United States.

JOHN SPANGLER, Sheriff.

31-4t

AUDITOR'S REPORT OF TAYLOR TOWNSHIP. JOHN BECKWITH in account with Taylor township, as Supervisor for year ending April 14th, 1879.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| DR. | | |
| To amt. of Duplicate | $323 17 | |
| To amt. unseated land money | 232 17 | |
| | | $555 34 |
| CR. | | |
| Bal. on last settlement | 65 27 | |
| Amt. of work done by men & per self and notifying | 406 84 | |
| Bal. paid on Dennis Reese order and sundry work | 32 72 | |
| Error in counting duplicate | 18 00 | |
| Bal. due township | 32 51 | |
| | | $555 34 |

ELIJAH MERRYMAN in account with Taylor township as Supervisor for the year ending April 14th, 1879.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| DR. | | |
| Amt. of Duplicate | 273 58 | |
| Unseated land money | 173 74 | |
| | | $447 32 |
| CONTRA. | | |
| Amt. of work done by men, per self and notifying | 396 11 | |
| Due bills and orders paid and exonerations | 31 54 | |
| Bal. due township | 19 67 | |
| | | $447 32 |

WILLIAM MILLER in account with Taylor township as Collector of school tax for the year ending 1878.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| June 2d, 1879. DR. | | |
| Amt. due at last settlement | 777 84 | |
| Amt. of Duplicate for 1877 | 822 36 | |
| | | $1600 20 |
| CONTRA. | | |
| Money paid Thos. Merryman, Treasurer | 1173 28 | |
| Percentage for col. duplicate | 97 38 | |
| Money paid Samuel Hoover, Treasurer | 116 45 | |
| Exonerations & 2 days settling | 15 38 | |
| Bal. due township by William Miller | 197 71 | |
| | | $1600 20 |

SAMUEL HOOVER in account with Taylor township as Collector and Treasurer of School fund for the year ending 1879.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| DR. | | |
| Amt. of Duplicate | 1233 94 | |
| Money paid by Wm. Miller | 116 45 | |
| Money paid by John Fink | 40 46 | |
| Unseated land money | 456 47 | |
| Money due Walt Miller | 1 00 | |
| | | $1848 32 |
| CONTRA. | | |
| Money paid teachers | 634 88 | |
| Money paid for fuel | 163 09 | |
| Money for building, furnishing, repairs, &c | 578 07 | |
| Unseated land money not collected | 106 28 | |
| Percentage for col. & Treas | 89 72 | |
| Amt. due township | 276 28 | |
| | | $1848 32 |
| Amount due district from all sources | 473 99 | |
| Outstanding orders unpa'd | 525 12 | |
| Liabilities in excess of resources | 51 13 | |
| | | $1050 24 |

WM. CRAIN, *Sec'y.* HENRY YINGLING, *Pres't.*

EDWARD BECKWITH in account with Taylor township as Overseer of the poor for the year ending April 14th, 1879.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| DR. | | |
| Order on William Newman | 21 98 | |
| Order on John Copenhaver | 17 85 | |
| Money received on judgment | 16 00 | |
| Cash received of Thos. Weston | 28 01 | |
| | | $83 84 |
| CONTRA. | | |
| Wm Newman order transfered to H. Blowers | 21 98 | |
| Orders paid and service rendered as overseer | 47 56 | |
| Cash paid Hiram Blowers | 4 28 | |
| | | $83 84 |

HENRY MILLER in account with Taylor township as Overseer of poor for year ending April 14th, 1879.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| DR. | | |
| Amt. of Duplicate | 461 53 | |
| Unseated land money | 137 46 | |
| Order on John Copenhaver | 35 07 | |
| Order on Leonard Merryman | 12 26 | |
| One note in favor of township on William Miller | 76 89 | |
| | | $683 21 |

LOST.—Certificate of deposit of First National Bank of Bellefonte, No. 4,673, to the amount of $130, to any order, dated May 29th, 1879.

32-3t. HENRIETTA HINA.

MANY A DOLLAR formerly spent on expensive sulphur baths may now be saved by substituting therefor

GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP,

which is just as beneficial but infinitely cheaper. Local diseases of the skin, rheumatism and gout are all relieved by this standard remedy. Complexional blemishes are eradicated by it, and imparts to the cuticle a pearly whiteness and velvety softness which greatly enhances female charms. Sold by druggists. 32 4t

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Centre county, there will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, on Friday, Aug. 22d, 1879, at 2 o'clock, P. M., a piece of valuable real estate near Eagleville, being the one undivided fourth part, the property of Lydia A. Rupert, deceased, late of Liberty township, containing 29 acres and 63 perches, thereon erected a good dwelling house.

TERMS OF SALE: One half of purchase money upon confirmation of sale, other half in one year with interest, to be secured by mortgage on premises. W. H. FEARON, Administrator.

32-3t

*Lawrence L. Brown—Coal, Grain, Plaster, &c.*

# Coal! Coal! Coal!

# Grain! Grain! Grain!

## LAWRENCE L. BROWN,

Dealer in

## COAL, GRAIN, PLASTER, &c.

*OFFICE, GRAIN ELEVATOR AND COAL YARD*

Near South End Bald Eagle Valley Railroad.

—:o:—

WILKESBARRE and SHAMOKIN

# ANTHRACITE COAL!

**Best Qualities Always on Hand,**

☞WELL SCREENED, DELIVERED PROMPTLY AND WEIGHTS GUARANTEED.☜

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR

ALL KINDS OF GRAIN AND SEED.

Also keeps on hand a large stock of coarse grains which he sells at lowest market prices, either in small lots or by car loads. It is my endeavor to give good satisfaction to all those who favor me with their patronage, and by so doing I hope to have a continuance of the large trade I have enjoyed since succeeding the late firm of Shortlidge & Co. 11-26-tf

A GREAT ENTERPRISE.—The Hop Bitters Manufacturing Company is one of Rochester's greatest business enterprises. Their Hop Bitters have reached a sale beyond all precedent, having from their intrinsic value found their way into almost every household in the land.—*Graphic.* 27-5-t

NO HOSPITAL NEEDED.—No palatial needed for Hop Bitters patients, nor larger-salaried talented puffers to tell what Hop Bitters will do or cure, as they tell their own story by their certain and absolute cures at home. 27-2-t

**Dr. Van Dyke's Sulphur Soap.**

Makes the skin Soft, Clear, Pure, White and Healthy! Is cleansing, deoderising, disinfecting, soothing, healing and purifying; removes dandruff, chafing, ulcers, sores, eruptions, roughness and redness of the skin; relieves itching, burning and stinging of the skin, and irritation of biting and stinging insects; will relieve Itching Piles where nothing else will have any effect; is free from all offensive odor, and prevents Contagious Diseases, and as an external medical and toilet preparation it has no equal. Price, 25 cts.; by mail, 35 cts. Box, 3 cakes, 60 cts.; by mail, 75 cts. Sold by druggists. E. S. WEBSTER, proprietor. Office, 50 N. 5th St., Philadelphia, Pa. Wholesale Depot, N. Third St., Phila., Pa. 9 28eow-1y

PIANOS and ORGANS. $1,100 Pianos only $222.50; $370 Organs only $95.25.; $325 Organs only $73.75. Tremendous Reductions during the Midsummer Months. Having been Elected MAYOR of my city and entrusted with its bonds should be sufficient proof of my responsibility. Latest circulars and Illustrated Newspaper *free*. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J. 30 4w

BENSON'S

CAPCINE PCROUS PLASTERS

—THE BEST—

Cures Lame And Weak Back

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. 30

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT.

For Internal and External Use.

CURES—Neuralgia, Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Sore Lungs bleeding at the Lungs, Chronic Hoarseness, A Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Chronic Rheumatism, Chronic Diarrhœa, Chronic Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Troubles, Diseases of the Spine and Lame Back. Sold everywhere. 30 4t

AGENTS WANTED for the *Best* and *Fastest-selling* Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. NATIONAL PUBLISHING Co., Philadelphia. 30 4

# FRUIT

AND

# CONFECTIONERY

AT

# WILSON'S,

*BROWN'S BLOCK,*

Corner ALLEGHENY and BISHOP STS.

CALIFORNIA FRUITS

30-3m IN SEASON.

*Groceries.*

# PROVISIONS

Smoked Hams, Shoulders, B. Bacon, Clear Sides, Dried Beef, celebrated XXXX Refined Lard in packages from 3-lb pails to tcs.; Pork, Extra Mess Beef, Dry Salted Meats of all descriptions.

## CANNED MEATS,

Fully warranted and unsurpassed; Corned Beef, Tongues, Ham, Pigs' Feet, &c., &c. Beef Ribs and Loins and all fresh meats in any quantity desired. Extra Winter Strained Lard-Oil at low prices and very superior quality.

SEND ORDERS. BOTTOM PRICES.

Chicago Packing and Provision Co,

28-4t CHICAGO, Illinois.

NOTICE.—A fall session of ten weeks will open at Eden Seminary, August 4th, 1879. This institution is located at Unionville, Centre county, Pa., on the line of B. E. V. Railroad, and its former success under the management of Edith W. Cleaver should recommend it to the citizens of Centre and adjoining counties, as a school worthy of their patronage. The room has been enlarged and improved. Boarding will be furnished in the building at moderate rates. For further information address, EDITH W. CLEAVER, Principal. Fleming, Pa.

27-3-4t*

$1200 returns in 30 days on $100 invested. Official reports and information free. Like profits weekly on Stock options of $10 to $50. Address, T. Potter Wight & Co., Bankers, 35 Wall St., N. Y. 27-8w

ESTATE OF MRS. ELIZA M. THOMAS. Letters of administration upon the estate of Mrs. Eliza M. Thomas, widow of William A. Thomas, late of the borough of Bellefonte, having been this day granted by the Register of Wills of Centre county to the undersigned, all persons having demands against said deceased are requested to present them legally authenticated, without delay.

27-6t JOHN R. LINN, Administrator.

Bellefonte, Pa., June 26, '79.

A GREAT OFFER! Organs $30 upwards; Pianos $125 upwards, not used a year, good as new; warranted. New Pianos and Organs at extraordinary low prices for cash. Catalogues mailed. Horace Waters, Agt., 40 East 14th St., N. Y. P. O. Box, 3539. 27-4t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned an auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Centre county to pass upon the exceptions filed to the account of P. W. Barnhart and Jacob R. Leathers, Executors of John Hughes deceased, and report distribution of the balance in their hands to and amongst the parties entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in the borough of Bellefonte, on Friday, the 25th day of July, 1879, at which time all persons interested are required to present their claims, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

27-3-4 E. M. BLANCHARD, Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, an auditor appointed to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the sheriff arising from the sale of the Real Estate of L. A. Shearer among those legally entitled thereto, will meet the parties interested at his office in Bellefonte on the 1st day of August, A. D. 1879, at two o'clock P. M.

27-3 W. C. HEINLE, Auditor

EDWARD J. EVANS & CO.

Wholesale and Retail

NURSERYMEN AND SEEDSMEN,

YORK, PENN'A.

Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Plants, Field, Garden and Flower seeds, Hardy Flowering Plants &c. Reliable agents wanted. 11-26-3m

Cancers Removed

WITHOUT THE KNIFE, AND IN MANY cases without Pain. Apply to C. P. W. FISHER, M. D., Boalsburg, Centre Co., Pa. 28-3m*

Music About to be Revived!

PROF. STRADLING,

Formerly of Bristol, Pa., is prepared to give instruction to all persons desiring, on the Piano, Organ, and all Brass and String Instruments. Pianos tuned—Satisfaction guaranteed. Terms reasonable.

Orders may be left at the residence of Mr. R A. Laird, Bellefonte, Pa. 28-3m*

Blairsville Ladies' Seminary

Beautiful grounds; commodious buildings; thorough instruction; new and superior pianos for practice.

The department of music will be in charge of Miss Mary R. Jenks, who, after unusual success in teaching, spent two years in study in the Conservatory of Leipzig, Germany. The Faculty of the Conservatory testify in strongest terms of her talent, acquisitions, and skill as a musical artist.

The twenty-ninth year begins September 3d, 1879. Terms moderate. For catalogues apply to 29-2m REV. T. E. EWING Principal

Dr. E. I. KIRK'S

# DRUG STORE,

BUSH'S ARCADE,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

*PURE DRUGS,*

*FINE STATIONERY,*

*DELIGHTFUL PERFUMES*

vol 11-25tf

Farms $400 to $1000 JOIN OUR COLONY

*Maps and pamphlets Free.* J. F. MANCHA, Claremont, Va.

32 4

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE First National Bank of Bellefonte, at Bellefonte, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business June 14, 1879

| RESOURCES. | |
|---|---|
| Loans and Discounts | $259,190.64 |
| U. S. Bonds to secure circulation | 100,000.00 |
| Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages | 28,125.00 |
| Due from approved reserve agents | 18,051.78 |
| " " other National Banks | 919.00 |
| " " State Banks and Bankers | 4,763.21 |
| Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures | 26,229.25 |
| Current Expenses and Taxes paid | 2,684.01 |
| Checks and other cash items | 10,356.06 |
| Bills of other Banks | 620.00 |
| Fractional currency (including nickels) | 542.35 |
| Specie | 5,193.60 |
| Legal tender notes | 27,900.00 |
| Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation) | 4,500.00 |
| Due from U. S. Treas'y other than 5 per cent. reduction fund | 600.00 |
| Total | $489,683.89 |
| LIABILITIES. | |
| Capital Stock paid in | $100,000.00 |
| Surplus fund | 50,000.00 |
| Undivided profits | 7,100.33 |
| National Bank notes outstanding | 90,000.00 |
| Individual deposits subject to check | 86,292.86 |
| Time certificates of deposits | 137,295.92 |
| Due to other National Banks | 18,562.83 |
| Due to State Banks and Bankers | 422.86 |
| Total | $489,683.80 |

State of Pennsylvania, [*S. S.*]

COUNTY OF CENTRE.

I, John P. Harris, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. JOHN P. HARRIS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of June, 1879.

ROLAND C. CHEESMAN, Notary Public.

Correct—attest,

E. C. HUMES, JAS A. BEAVER, ADAM HOY. } Directors.

FARMERS AND THRESHERS

wishing to purchase first-class articles

Threshers and Cleaners,

also one and two-horse tread power and threshers, will do well to call on or address the manufacturer.

These separators can be attached to four horse powers. All machines warranted.

J. M. HULSHIZER, Manufacturer,

11-25-3m* Light Street, Columbia Co., Pa.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

# Farm and Fireside.

### Wheat Culture.

The season is now at hand when farmers are turning their attention to seeding or putting out their fall crops. The short crop just housed ought to awaken the average farmer to the necessity of a new deal in the wheat culture of Centre county. That the average should be estimated as low as five bushels to the acre, is certainly humiliating to the farmers who frequently claim that Centre is one of the banner counties of Pennsylvania for wheat culture.

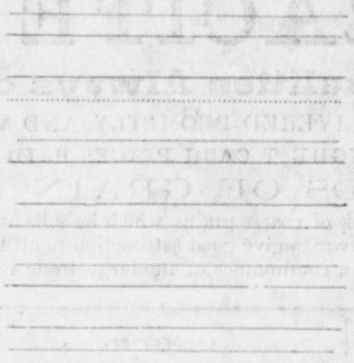
The short crop is not only humiliating to the average farmer, but the loss of labor entailed is a serious drawback to the progress of agriculture. Many farmers have not realized much more than the seed planted, this, too, in the face of the fact that farmers in Chester and Lancaster counties, of this State, estimate their crops at 28, 30 and 35 bushels to the acre this season. Some of the farmers blame the season for the deficit; others condemn the mode of culture as the cause.

It is very clear that if the new ground has produced an average yield, the fault is not in the season, but must be in the mode of culture. The average yield has been decreasing every year, and on different farms there are different causes. New ground is supplied with amonia, nitrogen and potash—the natural food for plant growth. On old ground these ingredients are exhausted. In some cultivative soils an excess of vegetable matter has accumulated, which causes sourness and needs lime; others need their proportion of amonia, nitrogen or potash, which makes it very difficult for the ordinary farmer to determine what his farm requires. Barnyard manure contains all these ingredients; but if the land is sour, it is not in condition to be benefitted by the application of the latter, which is the father of all fertilizers when in proper condition.

One of the first duties of the farmer is to prepare the ground properly. It cannot be too well plowed or too much pulverized, as well as being in good, healthy condition. This accomplished, the proper planting of the crop is the next consideration. A Mr. Groff, of Lancaster county, and Mr. Heiges, of York county, Pa., have been successful in the cultivation of wheat. The former prepares his ground and turns out furrows twelve inches wide, leaving sixteen inches space; the latter turns out twelve inch furrows, leaving ten inch space. They sow the wheat broadcast and harrow in crosswise. During the spring they cultivate the spaces. The yield from this method of cultivation has yielded from 48 to 51 bushels to the acre. Mr. Heiges, in his report to the Pennsylvania Board of Agriculture, says: "My yield in the last six years has not been less than forty-eight bushels to the acre, when sowed in the foregoing plan and *cultivated*. These experiments have fully convinced me that the method I have devised is more certain of insuring a large yield than any other I have read of, for the reason that I utilize fifty-four per cent. of the soil for the wheat to stand upon."

The last conclusion he comes to is one of the most plausible, in our judgment, that he makes in his statement. Some of our most observing farmers, among whom it gives us pleasure to mention E. C. Humes, Esq., have been of the opinion that the ordinary method of drilling the grain does not make proper distribution in the ground. That it deposits so compactly in rows that very much of it must heat or rot before it can germinate, and even if all grew there is not ground enough alotted it to enable it to stool, hence the failure. Mr. Humes' idea is that after wheat is drilled in the ordinary way, the ground should be harrowed immediately after across the drill sufficiently heavy to penetrate the ground to the depth of the drill, back and forth in the same space, for the purpose of giving the grain more distribution in the ground. This has been tried in Chester county with satisfactory results, as we have since learned, but the idea was original with Mr. Humes, he never having heard of the idea before.

Mr. Humes having determined to make a change in his mode of planting wheat, entered into a correspondence with Wm. C. Duncan in relation to a drill that would make proper distribution of the seed, who informed him that their firm had had the matter under consideration for some time, but had not attained the object of the thought so far; but a man in Dauphin county had made some progress in that direction, and with whom Mr. Humes entered into a correspondence. He claims to have a drill tube that can be applied to any drill that will distribute the grain in a furrow four inches wide. Messrs. Humes, Beaver, Crider, McKnight and Valentine have each ordered a set, the result of which can not be determined before next season. In the meantime, every farmer ought to begin to experiment. We would suggest that a strip should be planted in every field, the width of two or three drills, in which every third drill tube should be stopped thus:



The black lines represent the drills of wheat. In the spring the ground can be cultivated by the same drill through which one of the active concentrated fertilizers can be applied, as shown by the dotted lines.

It has been clearly demonstrated that manure applied in the fall has very little effect on the crop during the following season, its real benefits being to give the crop a start in the fall while the weather is warm.

As it is well established that manure stimulates a crop to grow by the aid of moisture and heat. During the spring is the only time we may say, that the latter can be made available with the former, which is a very good reason why farmers should give the idea a fair and unbiased trial.

### A Few Hints to Farmers on the Insect Question.

An interesting discussion of the above question took place at the last meeting of the Berks County Agricultural Society. Mr. Frederick Lauer, in referring to the prevalence of tent caterpillars in Berks, advised the use of coal oil as an excellent remedy, and suggested a law imposing a penalty for not destroying their nests. Henry A. Tyson, of Exeter, recommended Paris green for potato bugs, and such bugs as infest currant and gooseberry bushes. Dr. Green opposed the use of Paris green as being one of the deadliest poisons. The feeding of pulverized sulphur for lice on cattle was recommended by President Zerr. Dr. Smith thought there was no danger in the application of Paris green to potato vines. Dr. Greene said he intended to try coal tar for potato bugs. Alexander Burnett advised the use of air-slaked lime, which will kill every young bug in its soft, pulpy state. A. S. Jones said he had tried tobacco juice on grape vines to kill thrips, without success. Dr. T. S. Gerhart, of Robeson, said that a neighbor of his who had 1,300 peach trees hauled loads of tobacco stems from Reading and put them under the trees without destroying them. Secretary Fox stated the main difficulty of exterminating insects to be the want of concerted action by farmers, and that the nests of the tent catarpillar may be removed by the discharge of gunpowder into them, with which suggestion Mr. John Gottshall fully coincided. Judge Stitzell stated that he found the best remedy to be the use of coal oil adulterated with water, saturate straw fastened to the end of a pole with the solution, and then swab the nests. The further consideration of the subject will be resumed at the next meeting of the society to be held on the 2nd of August.

No quarter should be given to the insect pests. The potato beetle exists so plentifully because some careless farmers actually breed myriads of them. Many fields of potatoes were abandoned to them last year, and the neighboring country was thus stocked for this year. This is one insect that might be abolished by a combined effort for a year or two. Another is the cattle gadfly, which may be found now in the backs of the cows and oxen in small lumps or tumors, called warbles. The gruba may be squeezed out of these tumors through the breathing holes and destroyed. Otherwise they will escape, change to flies, and continue the mischief.

A new hay press has been patented in France and England which delivers the bales in the form of a solid uniform cylinder two feet one and one-half inches in diameter, which may be rooled along by one man.

Squirrel shooting in this State begins on the first of September and closes on the first of January. There is, however, seldom one to be seen after October, unless November should be very wild and nuts plentiful.

### Utilizing the Goat.

A current paragraph announces that a factory has been established in San Francisco for the manufacture of goods from the wool of the Angora goat. That paragraph has some relevancy to the agriculture and manufactures of the whole country. The goat itself has a peculiar soft, white, silken fleece or hair, which is prized for the manufacture of shawls. It belongs to a small territory in Asia Minor, where there are about one million, producing annually some three million pounds. They were first imported here thirty years ago, and a large number were obtained in 1863. Just as the camels landed in Texas were removed to Utah, where they have multiplied, the Angora goats were transferred from South Carolina to California, where they have increased and now the "several thousand" are sufficient to erect a factory. The incident brings out again, and with much distinctness, the intimate relations existing between agriculture and manufactures here, and the vast possibilities of increasing each by the aid of the other. The essential requirement is the support of that industrial spirit and power which demands supplies and furnishes motive as well as means. But for the apprehended possibilities of fabrication, the Angora goat would have remained as strange to our soil as the yak and emeu. But for the encouragement and protection granted all manufactures, the manufacture of Angora wool would not have been dreamed of. It is the interdependency of the interests which supports each and both; and so long as this is maintained, the demonstration to which we refer is only in a long catalogue that will grow to the mutual benefit of both—the wealth of the States and the welfare of the whole country.

### A Sure Cure for the Gapes.

For the last four or five years, since I have had the care of young chickens, I have been troubled every year by my chickens having the gapes, that disease which often seems to some to be incurable. I had often heard that by running a horse-hair down the chick's throat, the small worms which stopped it up could be extricated. Though this method may seem to some, as it did to me, to be impossible, yet it is a sure and easy cure. The following is the way I cure my chicks:

Take a coarse horse-hair, twist it between the fingers, leaving a small loop at the end; then get some one to hold the chick around the body and by the back of the head, while you hold its bill open with your left hand; then with your right hand insert the looped horse-hair in the small aperture back of—and which seems to be a part—the tongue. Then keep twisting the hair around between the fingers, while, at the same time, you run it down the chick's throat to the depth of about two inches; then slowly draw it out, twisting it all the while in the same direction as before.

There may be some difficulty in inserting the hair, as the aperture keeps opening and closing; but with perseverance it can be easily done. Run the hair down two or three times, using a new hair each time, and your chick will be cured. The operation seldom has to be done but once.—*J. W. H. in Poultry Yard.*

### Preserving Eggs for Winter.

Put the eggs into a large pail and pour boiling hot water over them, then put a cover over them and count sixty very slowly. Take them out, whipe dry with a thin towel, and pack with little end down in buckwheat hulls, oats or bran. Put in a place where neither frost nor damp can touch them, and they will keep for months. The boiling water shuts up the pores of the egg shells and keeps them fresh, while it does not cook them. Another way is to rub each egg over with linseed oil, put on with a cloth. Lay them on a table to dry, and then pack away tightly. Lime water and salt will also keep eggs, but they are not so well kept as by these other methods, as they absorb the salt and the white loses its freshness, and will not beat to a froth or give lightness to cake.

### Make Roosts the Same Height.

A writer in the Boston *Journal* recommends building roosts for fowls all of a uniform height, of about 2½ from the floor and fifteen inches apart, for the following reasons:

"When roosts are built in the common ladder fashion, one higher than another, the fowls are led to attempt to all get upon the highest roost, and as it gets full, the weaker ones are crowded off and fall to the ground; they begin again to climb up, only to repeat the same performance, until it gets so dark they stop climbing, resting content upon a lower roost, or even upon the ground under the roosts. In the morning the fowls will not go down as they went up, from one roost to another, but fly from the roost to the ground. In this way, and by falling from the roost to the ground at night, heavy fowls, especially when very fat or very full of eggs, are often crippled in the legs, or otherwise injured. Many likely hens I have seen completely spoiled in this way."

Fykes or hoop nets can be used in any streams in this State, uninhabited by speckled trout, during the months of March, April, May, September, October and November, with meshes not less than one inch in size; but these nets shall not be placed at any wingwalls; and that farther any salmon, bass, speckled trout, pike, and all other fish introduced in any of the waters of this State, taken in such nets shall at once be returned alive into the water—under a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each offense.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

### Seasonble Sentiments.

It is well said that it is not necessary to be uncomfortably hot because the sunbeams come down with summer heat. Correct habits of body and mind, reasonable employment, will go far to antagonize and overcome the most persistent efforts of the sun. Here are some sensible hints that may be read with profit:

To begin, avoid heating food; most people allow the palate to determine what they shall eat and how much, which is as foolish as to allow the family fire to select such fuel as best pleases it—gun-powder, nitro-glycerine, etc. Do not increase your physical temperature, particularly that of your head, by drinking alcoholic beverages; when water does not suffice as a drink, consult a physician instead of a bartender. Use water externally with frequency; no one can get rid of superfluous heat through a skin the pores of which are tightly sealed.

If you have a great many cigars that ought to be smoked before they grow dry and tasteless, give them to your enemy; it is better that his liver should be deranged than yours, for a torpid liver produces a weak, not head. At least once a day take exercise enough to cause free perspiration; the man who perspires the most is always the coolest; the laborer at work in woolen clothing under a hot sun, with the thermometer among the nineties, is more comfortable than the lounger in white linen and sun umbrella who looks at him.

If you have a first-rate thing to get angry about, lay it carefully away until cold weather. Do not worry; it is frightfully heating as well as physically extravagant. Sleep regularly and full hours, resisting the temptation to sit up late because the evening is the only cool part of the day.

### An Ohio Snake Story.

Jonathan Rockwell, engineer at the firebrick works at Sciotoville, Ohio, has caught and killed the greatest number of snakes ever heard of in these parts. Some three weeks ago he purchased five empty whisky barrels and stored them in an outbuilding to be used for cider barrels when his apples were ripe enough to be made into the temperance beverage. Near the outbuilding there is a ledge of rocks containing many fissures and openings, and has always been "a bad place for snakes."

Yesterday Mr. Rockwell took occasion to visit the outbuilding referred to, and in opening the door he noticed a number of snakes crawling into the bung holes of the whisky barrels. Quick as thought he got the bungs and drove them into the barrels and secured the snakes. He then attempted to roll the barrels out of the building, but found them too heavy to handle without assistance. He then called in J. D. Mathoit, Dustin Jones, George Sturdy, Hugh Smith and Thomas Powell, who armed themselves with hickory clubs and proceeded to kill the snakes. The bung was taken out of one barrel and some hot water was poured in, and the snakes began to come out so rapidly that it kept all the above gentlemen busy with their clubs in dispatching them.

The next barrel was treated in the same manner until all the five barrels were emptied, and the total number of snakes killed was 2,153. To-day there has been a steady stream of people visiting the premises of Mr. Rockwell and viewing the slain snakes. No one pretends to account for the snakes getting into the barrels. All we can say is that they were there, and it is the "whole truth, and nothing but the truth." The affidavits of our best and most reliable citizens will substantiate it beyond any doubt. The snakes were not all large ones, but there were none less than a foot in length, while many were six or seven feet long. A trench had to be dug this afternoon to bury them, as the stench arising from them was getting horrible.

PORTSMOUTH, O., July, 25, '79.
EDITOR *Commercial*:

The foregoing is submitted as the latest and reliable snake story extant. Refer to W. H. Bonsall, editor of the *Tribune*, or J. W. Newman, editor of the *Times*, should you question the truth. Yours, truly,

J. F. RATCLIFF.

The remarkable improvement in the iron business seems to be general throughout the county. In this city and vicinity the iron market shows increasing firmness with a steady advance in prices. Our mills are reported to be full of work and many are said to be declining orders, except for immmediate delivery. In Pittsburgh the same state of affairs exists, the leading grades of pig iron having advanced $2 and $2.50 per ton, while bar iron has advanced from $5 to $6 per ton. The trade in St. Louis is reported to be in a more prosperous condition than for months past, prices for manufactured iron having increased about 15 per cent. and the prospects being very cheering. In Cincinnati and Hocking Valley and Hanging Rock districts of Ohio the mills and furnaces are all employed, an advance in prices fully established and the demand brisk. The New Albany, Ind., district reports a steady improvement in demand and prices. In the Tennessee district the manufacturers are refusing orders for iron they would have been glad to accept six months ago. Indeed, from all the iron centres of the country there comes the same welcome intelligence of increased activity in iron manufactures and gradully advancing prices. And the iron-workers are to share in the prosperity, as is evidenced in our special dispatch from Columbia, Pa., announcing that the proprietors of the Susquehanna roling mill have voluntarilly advanced their employes' wages from 10 to 14 per cent.

### Distracted Hayti.

The English mail steamer which sailed from St. Thomas on the 17th brings advices from Hayti to the 12th inst. The reports of the deplorable riots at Port au Prince are confirmed. The disorders, which were caused by a bitter party conflict between the Liberals and Nationals, began on June 30th. During the sitting of the Chambers a party of Liberals fired upon General Canal, brother of the President and member of the Chamber of Deputies. The General was not hurt, but the sitting was immediately suspended. Fierce fighting then commenced in the streets. The Nationals held the palace. The Liberals erected barricades and fortined many houses. They killed the Minister of War, who was trying to disperse the mob.

On July 1st President Canal requested the British Consul to assemble his foreign colleagues in order to confer with the rebels. The United States Minister and the French Charge d' Affaires only complied with the request, the others pleading the risk to life from the bullets which were raining around. Therefore the representatives of England, France and the United States alone entered into conference with the rebels. President Canal offered the rebels full pardon and leave to embark unmolested for any port they desired. The rebels stontly refused the conditions, and the fighting continued.

On July 2d the President again resorted to the services of the diplomatic body. This time the United States Minister refused to interfere. President Canal thereupon sent to the rebels a letter, which was torn to pieces. The fighting was kept up all day. On July 3d the patience of the President became exhausted, and he determined to act. Cannon were placed a quarter of a mile from the vicinity of the houses occupied by the rebels. The first shell set fire to one of the houses, and immediately all blazed. The rebels scattered in every direction. The fire spread fearfully, sweeping away four blocks of buildings. The Finance Department with all its documents was destroyed. On July 4th the Liberals had disappeared, and their principal leaders had taken refuge in the foreign consulates. About 130 houses were in ashes, and 300 men were killed or wounded. Fortunately the commercial part of the town escaped damage. During the riots in the Capital, Gonaives, Saint Marc and Arcahaie rose in insurrection, and at last accounts were in possession of the rebels. President Canal had dispatched troops to those towns, and expected to subdue the insurrections there shortly. The southern provinces continued apparently quiet. Cape Haytien and neighborhood have been the scene of constant fighting. Many rebels have fled to St. Domingo.

### A Hundred Years Hence.

Man for the future can but reason from the past. In a hundred years he has seen or heard of many changes in the wondrous globe he calls his home. Great souls have come and gone; great souls will come again. Intellect has quickened the means of his locomotion, lessened the Adamite course of toil; intellect will do so still. So he reasons, and so his logic rests upon the past. One hundred years ago the world traveled in lumbering coaches and sailed to sea in slow-going ships. To-day the iron horse goes tearing through the land, and steamers bridge the wildest oceans. Months have changed to weeks and hours. One hundred years ago the traveler between New York and the wilds of Illinois would have made up his mind to a three weeks' trip in lumbering wagons, sleepy ferries and uncomfortable stages. In this year of grace, 1879, two days and one night, passed in ease and comfort, see him safely at his journey's end. When his majesty's troops sailed from the shores of England to give those colonists a lesson, they were fortunate if three weeks' tossing on the broad Atlantic brought them within sight of Newfoundland. To-day an eight-day passage is a matter of course. Who knows what is to be? Already whisperings fill the air with wondrous motors. The busy brains of men work. "Across the ocean in fifty hours!"—so reads the latest tale—a life boat raised by gas and sailed by steam.

A hundred years hence! Who that is born to-day will live to see it? And what if he does? Shall he see a daily balloon to London, and an afternoon trip to Florida? Will the docks, now echoing to the hiss of steam, be filled by strange, unearthly shapes, with wings and fans, and gaudy bags of gas? Will freight trains, by noiseless power pass swiftly beneath the sea, and parcels dart like lightning around the world? Stranger things than these have happened within a hundred years, and some may live to see still greater wonders.

The swiftest railroad trains are run in England, according to a German government report, a speed of fifty miles an hour being common between London and Dover, London and York, London and Hastings. Trains go at forty-two miles an hour on one of the Belgium lines. The fastest in France and Germady do not exceed forty, and in other European countries thirty is the maximum.

The Camden and Atlantic Railroad Company has been doing splendidly this summer. We presume it is because it is officered by men who know their business.

### Napoleon's First Glimpse of Eugenie.

A few nights before the *coup d'état* which made him emperor, President Louis Napoleon gave a grand ball at the Elysee. The wealth and fashion of Paris were represented there. Perfume of flowers and strains of sweet music filled the air. Magnificent as the scene was, the president tired of it and longed to come out under the calmer light of the stars; so taking his friend, Edgar Nar, the Duke of la Moskwa, by the arm, he started out through the conservatory for the cool gardens. As he stepped through the doorway a picture met his gaze that almost took away his breath, and for a moment he stood as one in a dream. It was not long, however, before he saw that the beautiful vision was reality. Standing before a mirror in the conservatory was the most exquisite creature he had ever seen in his life. A young lady, whose golden hair had fallen from its confining comb down over her white shoulders, was trying to arrange the truant curls with nervous fingers. The gallantry of a Frenchman would not permit him to stand staring in the doorway even at so beautiful a sight; so, stepping quickly to her side, the future emperor, with a courtly bow, offered his arm to his future bride and conducted her to a dressing room, where she could repair the ravages of the dance. It was a case of love at first sight, and the ardent Napoleon hastened back to the ball room, where he awaited with impatience the return of the beautiful Espagnole. Nor did his regard for Mlle. de Montijo prove transitory. His attentions became so marked that one day Mme. de Montijo asked a private audience of the prince, and told him that his attentions to her daughter were the subject of comment, and that she thought they had better leave France. This was at St. Cloud, where the mother and daughter were both paying a visit. No doubt the prince had made up his mind what to do, but princes cannot always lay bare their plans. The mother was told to stay until the next day; that he would have something of importance to communicate on the morrow. Did the ambitious old lady suspect?

### Fish Story.

A monster fish makes its home in a deep pool in the Ohio River, in the vicinity of Great Bend. It has been seen a number of times, and by different persons, during the last nine years. It is most often seen when the river is low. Mr. W. H. Hall, a reliable and responsible man, who keeps the ferry at that point, declares that it is fully 16 feet long, and as large around as the body of a horse. It is of a dark color, very attractive in its movements, and only rises to the surface for a moment, consequently it is impossible to get a complete description of it. Attempts have been made to capture it, and large hooks have been manufactured for the purpose, but so far all have failed. It is claimed by some of the people living in that vicinity that there are two of these fish there. It is also related that small boys are not in the habit of going in swimming in that part of the river.

### Railroad Notes.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has just given an order for 700 car wheels, to be made as fast as possible.

The Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company are turning out at its shops 39 oil tank cars per month to accommodate its new oil traffic with the Tidewater company.

Burglars are operating on the depots of the lateral roads of the Philadelphia and Reading company, but every safe cracked is found empty. The thieves get no money.

In Pennsylvania black bass fishing begins on the first of June and closes on the first of January. The same for the Wall-Eyed Pike commonly known as Susquehanna Salmon. There is a fine of ten dollars for taking bass of any kind less than six inches in length, unless immediately returned to the water.

A Hollidaysburg lady who read in the agricultural column of a weekly paper that cotton saturated with coal oil put around the body of fruit trees would destroy all insects and save the fruit, applied the remedy to the trees growing in her garden. In place of killing the insects it killed all of the trees, embracing cherry, plum, pear and apple.

In his expedition to the river Godbout, to which we have referred in previous issues, Mr. Hallock gives us this account of the result: "During the ten days while I was on the river our joint score comprised 62 fine salmon which averaged 15 lbs. apiece, and aggregated 916 pounds in weight."

It is stated that Mr. Franklin B. Gowen, President of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad has succeeded in negotiating a large loan for his road in London. He is now traveling in France and is expected in Paris on the 5th of this month, where he will be joined by Hon. Lin Bartholomew, of Pottsville, and Mr. George R. Kaercher, who was District Attorney of Schuylkill Co. at the time Mr. Gowen assisted in the prosecution of the Mollie Maguires there. He will reach Philadelphia about the last of August.

The increase of flouring mills in the four States of Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota from 1860 to to 1870 was from 1,138 to 3,000.

### Rod and Gun Items.

The season for wild turkeys opens again on the 15th of October and closes on the first of January.

The other day at Laconia, Belknap county, N. H., W. M. Daniel captured with a pitch fork a black bass weighing four pounds.

To prevent the rusting of guns and other firearms it is said there is nothing so good as Eaton's "Rust Preventive." It is a sure protector.

The rail and reed bird season opens on the first of September and will continue during October and November; but there is seldom one of these birds shot after October. A rail or reed bird in October is worth three shots at the beginning of September.

Let it be borne in mind that no fish baskets, gill-nets, pond-nets, eel-wires, kiddles, facine nets, or any other permanently set means of taking fish, can be placed in any waters of this State, and for every violation there is a penalty of twenty-five dollars.

It is now learned, says the Buffalo *Express*, that Princess Louise's salmon was so old that it had to wear spectacles and swim with a crutch; whereas the trout caught by Mrs. Hayes was in the prime of life and health, and kicked as viciously as if it had four legs and a bad temper.

A party of ladies and gentlemen of Garrett county, Md., visited Blackwater, that State, before the close of the fishing season, and bagged there 998 trout. Besides fishing a day and a half they briefly sojourned at the "Devil's Churn" and the "Jumping Off Place," the latter a perpendicular rock 750 feet high.

The other day as a party of Germantown anglers were fishing above the Flat Rock dam in the Schuylkill, one of them hooked a pike which, however, escaped just as he was being landed in the boat. The fish is estimated to have weighed a pound and a half and is the only specimen that we have heard of being hooked in the Schuylkill in a number of years.

A busy man in Columbus, O., keeps a phonograph ready for use in his office, and, when anybody begins to tell him a long story, he says: "Just talk into that instrument, and I'll listen to it after a while."

THE BRITISH QUARTERLY REVIEW for July has been promptly issued by the Leonard Scott Publishing Company, No. 41 Barclay St., New York. The public have been looking for this number with much interest, as it had been announced that Mr. Gladstone would be one of the contributors. His article entitled, "The Evangelical Movement; Its Parentage, Progress and Issue," shows in the course of it that although it never became dominant in England, yet it altered the general tone and tendency of the preaching of the clergy after the Tractarian movement had begun. It is even suggested that there may have been other relations besides that of pure antagonism between the Evangelical and the Tractarian movements.

St. George Mivart is the author of the article entitled, "The Feelings and the Intellect," which is an inquiry into the true meaning and nature of our different feelings, and the real nature of those of them which accompany the most estimable or blameworthy of our volitions.

"Reforms in the University of Oxford" is by J. Therold Rodgers, and it gives a brief account of the actual condition, domestic arrangements, and the reforms that have taken place and are needed in the University.

The article on "Ireneus," by Dr. Quarry, gives a general idea of the Gnostic heresies as a prelude to a sketch of Ireneus and his views. It will be followed by others relating to the Church and the Eucharist.

Other papers are: "The City Companies," being a history of the celebrated City Livery Companies; "The City of Glasgow Bank Failure," and "England and the Greek Question." The number ends with the usual notices of Contemporary Literature.

The periodicals reprinted by the Leonard Scott Publishing Co. (41 Barcay Street, N. Y.) are $4 a year for any one, only $15 for all four, postpaid.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*Miscellaneous.*

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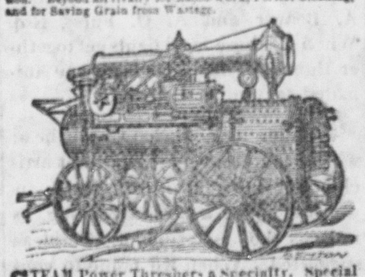
THE Matchless Grain-Saving, Time-Saving, and Money-Saving Threshers of this day and generation. Beyond all rivalry for Rapid Work, Perfect Cleaning, and for Saving Grain from Wastage.



STEAM Power Threshers a Specialty. Special sizes of Separators made expressly for Steam Power.

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FOUR Sizes of Separators Made, Ranging from Six to Twelve-Horse size, and two styles of Mounted Horse Powers to match.

FOR Particulars, Call on our Dealers or write to us for Illustrated Circular, which we mail free.

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LACE WORK.

MRS. JANE HALEY, opposite the Cemetery, takes this method to solicit from the people of Bellefonte work. Can do

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A large, new and complete Guide to Wedlock, containing, with many others, the following chapters: A complete Womanhood, Selection of Wife Evidences of Virginity, Temperaments Compatible and Incompatible, Sterility in women, cause and treatment Advice to Bridegroom, Advice to Husbands, Advice to Wives Prostitution, its causes, Celibacy and Matrimony compared, Conjugal duties, Conception, Confinement, Love and Courtship, Impediments to Marriage, in male and female, Science of Reproduction, Single life considered, Law of Marriage, Laws of Divorce, Legal rights of married women, etc., including Diseases peculiar to Women, their cause and treatment. A book for private and considerate reading, of 320 pages, with full Plate Engravings, by mail, sealed, for 50 cents.

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"Medical Advice," a lecture on Manhood and Womanhood, 10 cents; or all three in one nicely bound volume, $1. They contain 600 pages and over 100 illustrations, embracing everything on the generative system that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in any other work. The combined volume is positively the best Popular Medical Book published, and those dissatisfied after getting it, can have their money refunded. The Author is an experienced physician of many years' practice, (as is well known) and the advice given, and Rules for treatment laid down, will be found of great value to those suffering from impurities of the system, early errors, lost vigor, or any of the numerous troubles coming under the head of "Private" or "Chronic" Diseases. Sent in single volumes, or complete as one, for Price in Stamps, Silver or Currency. (Consultation confidential, and letters are promptly and frankly answered without charge.) Address, Dr. Butts' Dispensary, 12 North 8th Street, St. Louis, Mo. (Established, 1847.)

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DR. BUTTS invites all persons suffering from RUPTURE to send him their name and address, and hereby assures them that they will learn something to their advantage.—It is Not a Truss.

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A Valuable Discovery and New Departure in Medical Science, an entirely New and positively effective Remedy for the speedy and permanent Cure of Seminal Emissions and Impotency by the only true way, viz: Direct Application to the principal Seat of the Disease, being by Absorption, and carrying its specific influence on the Seminal Vesicles, Ejaculatory Ducts, Prostate Gland and Urethra. The use of the Remedy is attended with no pain or inconvenience, it is quickly dissolved and soon absorbed, producing an immediate soothing and restorative effect upon the sexual and nervous organizations wrecked from self-abuse and excesses, stopping the drain from the system, restoring the patient to health and manly vigor, removing the Dimness of Sight, Nervous Debility, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, etc., etc., and the appearance of premature old age usually accompanying this trouble, and restoring perfect Sexual Vigor, where it has been dormant for years. This mode of treatment has stood the test in very severe cases, and is now a pronounced success. Drugs are too much prescribed in these troubles, and, as many can bear witness to, with big bills, if any permanent good. There is no pompous about this preparation. Practical observation enables us to positively guarantee that it will give satisfaction.—During the eight years that it has been in general use, we have thousands of testimonials as to its value, and it is now conceded by the Medical Profession to be the most rational means yet discovered, of reaching and curing this very prevalent trouble, that is well known to be the cause of untold misery to so many, and upon whom quacks prey with their useless nostrums and big fees. The Remedy is put up in a neat box, enough to last a month, and sent to a plain wrapper by mail, sealed, for $2.—Two boxes (each to effect a permanent cure unless in severe cases), $5.—Three boxes lasting three full months, (will stop emissions and restore vigor, in the worst cases,) $7.—Full DIRECTIONS for using will accompany EACH BOX.

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Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice that the alarming consequences of Self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

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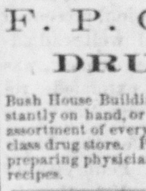
TRADE MARK. The Great TRADE MARK.



English Remedy, an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency and all diseases that follow as a sequence of

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Self Abuse: as loss of Memory, Universal lassitude, pain in the back, dimness of vision, premature old age, and many other diseases that lead to insanity and consumption and a premature grave.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing

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A VISIT TO THE NEW FARMERS'

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has been thoroughly renovated and repaired, and under the management of the new proprietor, MR. GEORGE HOPPES, formerly of Pittsburgh, is first-class in all its appointments.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

Are offered to those in attendance at COURT, and others remaining in town for a few days at a time.

The Largest and most Superbly Designed Hotel in Central Pennsylvania.

ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES. GO TRY THE BUSH HOUSE.

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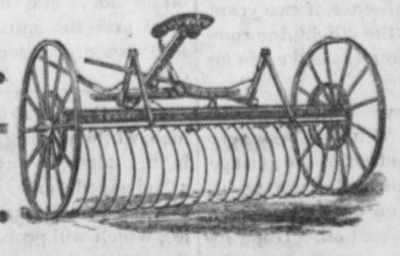

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GLASS, &C., IS UNEQUALLED.

Call and examine our stock, and you will save money in buying from

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# Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.


## Local Department.

—Fine toilet powders at Green's.

—Camp-meetings have begun to boom.

—Several new houses are going up in Millheim.

—It is said that Bellefonte will shortly have a German.

—Wayne Station camp-meeting commences on the 19th inst.

—Merchants should hand in their advertisements for fall trade.

—Mrs. Daniel Rhoads and family are sojourning in Snow Shoe.

—A number of new houses are being built in the valley below Milesburg.

—The boardwalk on Lamb street, by the Episcopal church, has been repaired.

—A number of people from Bellefonte will attend the Clintondale camp-meeting.

—Mr. Charles Ryan, of this place, went to Pittsburgh last week to have his eyes examined.

—There was some very fine fruit in the market on Saturday. Apples, pears, blackberries, etc.

—A Sunday-school has been organized at Valentines' Forge. It meets in the iron-workers building.

—Now is the time to disinfect your sewers and cess-pools. Use Carbolated Iron. For sale at Green's; only 25 cents.

—A waterspout to conduct the water coming from the eaves to the ground, has been put up near the Bush House entrance.

—The Tuesday evening sociables at the Bush House are a source of great pleasure to those who attend.

—Nothing like having your food well seasoned. Buy your spices, etc., of Sechler & Co., always pure and fresh.

—The Cameron county *Press* Complains of too much rain. Around this locality everybody is complaining of a scarcity of that article.

—Have you seen those large, glossy California plums at Wilson's fruit store? If you haven't, go and examine them. It is good for the eyes.

—The Altoona City Band will accompany the Altoona excursionists to Cape May on the 15th of August. These excursionists are putting on style.

—Mr. Hugh Glenn, of Martha Furnace, called to see us on Saturday. Mr. Glenn is a staunch Republican, and one of the most industrious farmers of Huston township.

—Tight pantaloons, it is said, will be the style again this fall, and it wouldn't be a bad idea if some of the young men in town would go out harvesting for a while and fatten up.

—A recipe going the rounds just now is to the effect that sour milk will remove iron rust from white goods. It don't say whether it will remove beer spots from a shirt bosom, though.

—The corn fields between Milesburg and Mt. Eagle look the finest of any we have seen this season. One field alone, on the property belonging to the Curtin Iron Works, contains eighty acres.

—The *Miltonian* says an alligator escaped from Mr. Reeder, of Watsontown, recently, and has taken up its quarters in the river at that place. We don't imagine there'll be much baptising done in that river for a while.

—Mr. George Hillibish, for some time foreman of the Bradford *Daily Era* office, was at home last week on a visit, after an absence of two years. George is one of the "lightning compositors," and doesn't stand aside for any one.

—The cool wave which followed the rain of last Thursday was very refreshing. The effect of the change was somewhat marred, however, by the appearance on our streets of a man with an overcoat on. Hope he survived.

—The social hop at the Bush House on Friday night was a pleasant affair. The temperature during the evening was nice and cool, just right for dancing, and high collars stood up bravely to the end. About twenty-five couple attended.

—Fourteen families of Icelanders passed through Huntingdon last week, on their way to Duluth, Minn., where they intend to form a colony. The *Globe* says they are the first party of Icelanders ever in this country, and if they meet with success, large numbers of their countrymen will follow.

### Anniversary Dinner.

On the 8th of August, 1878, one year ago last Friday, Mr. George Hoppes assumed control of the Bush House, Mr. McCollum retiring. At that time the house was doing a fair business, and many predicted that the change would result disastrously. But those who had indulged in such surmises were agreeably disappointed as the days went by and the Bush House continued to hold its own. The new proprietor, by his agreeable and accommodating manners, soon made hosts of friends, and under his able management—he having had years of experience—the patronage of the house began to increase. Commercial travelers, and others, who had stopped at this hotel were made to feel so much at home and were so well pleased with the treatment and accommodations that they did not fail to speak a good word for the house to their fellow-travelers whenever they should meet, and in this way Mr. Hoppes has acquired a State as well as a local reputation. His efforts to satisfy the demands of the public have been crowned with success from the first, and to-day, assisted by Mr. Penn Bigony, one of the most jovial and obliging clerks that ever dipped a pen, Mr. Hoppes has the satisfaction of presiding over one of the most prosperous and finest hotels in central Pennsylvania.

Last Friday being the first anniversary of Mr. Hoppes' proprietorship, that gentleman thought it fitting to celebrate the occasion, after the year of prosperity, with a grand dinner to his friends and patrons. And a magnificent dinner it was. Eight courses were served, and the bill of fare comprised everything imaginable in the eatable line. French, Italian, English and American dishes served up in the most tempting and palatable manner by that prince of cooks, M. Vatilani, who, on this occasion, showed just what he could do when he is feeling well. The spacious dining hall was crowded, a large number of invited guests, both ladies and gentlemen, being present, including members of the bar, clergy and the press. Jovial ones were there, too, and being made good-natured by the choice viands, cracked their jokes between courses and otherwise added to the merriment of the occasion.

It was, without doubt, the most pleasant event of the season at the Bush, and one long to be remembered by all those in attendance.

—Some of the division employees of the Pennsylvania Railroad have been flirting with the fair passengers along the line and got themselves into trouble. The Huntingdon *Globe* says: "Complaints having been made to the proper officers, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has issued an order to certain division employees to stop waving their hats or hands at the fair maidens along the line of the road and not to indulge in any flirtation whatever while on duty." This is a novel order for a railroad company to issue, to say the least.

—We would suggest to those that are in the habit of burning papers, rags, etc., in the street, that they perform that operation in the day-time, when there are fewer people passing. We have heard several complain of this practice. The burning of this matter fills our streets with an odor that is anything but pleasant.

—The steeple on the Baptist church at Milesburg, has been torn down. On account of its weight the church began to crack, and showed other signs of weakening, and to avoid accident, which was liable to occur at any time, it was thought advisable to remove it. A new and light steeple is in process of erection.

—As Congressman Yocum was driving his span up Allegheny street, on Friday afternoon, one of the horses became frightened and reared up straight in the air, coming down on its side. The harness was loosened and the animal put upon its feet without any damage having been done.

—The Osceola *Reveille* says a gentleman, while walking on the pavement in that place, recently, was struck by a velocipede, and so badly injured that it was necessary to amputate his leg, which will probably put a stop to the practice in that place, as it should, as well as everywhere else.

—Prof. John Hamilton, of the State College, who went to Florida sometime ago for his health, has returned. We have not seen the gentleman since his return, but his friends say he has been much benefited by his journey, and thinks he will be able to resume his duties.

—Dr. John M. Peddicord, of Harrisburg, has been spending some time in Bellefonte. Mr. Peddicord, who is skilled in archery, brought his outfit with him, and while here exhibited some scientific shooting.

### Pennsylvania College Alumni.

The Alumni and students of Pennsylvania College, at Gettysburg, Pa., resident in central Pennsylvania, met in convention at Lewistown, Pa., at 10 1-2 o'clock A. M., July 30, 1879.

Professor Edmund J. Wolf, D. D., class of '93, Professor of Church History and Greek Exercises in the General Synod Lutheran Theological Seminary, a native of Centre county, was elected temporary President, and C. W. Heisler, student, class of '80, temporary Secretary.

The meeting was opened with prayer by Rev. J. F. Wampole. After disposing of the necessary preliminary business the constitution was adopted and a committee, consisting of Rev. E. H. Leisenring, Rev. S. E. Furst and Rev. H. C. Shingle, was appointed to name permanent officers.

At the opening of the afternoon session the committee reported the following, who were declared the selection of the association for the ensuing year:

President—Rev. H. Baker, class of '41, the oldest graduate present.

Secretary—Clement Dale, attorney, class of '74.

Treasurer—Rev. M. Colver, class of '63, and sixteen Vice-Presidents, one from each county represented.

Adam Hoy, attorney, class of '56, not being able to be present on account of sickness the question previously assigned to him, to wit: "Is a college course advisable in any other than the three learned professions?" was, by appointment, opened by Rev. H. Baker, '41, and Rev. W. E. Fischer, '72. The discussion was continued by Rev. J. F. Wampole, '54, President M. Valentine, D. D., '50, Professor E. J. Wolf, D. D., '63, and others.

A motion to proceed immediately after the evening session to a place to be selected by a committee to partake of ice cream and cake, was unanimously adopted.

After the consideration of minor matter it was decided to hold the next meeting at Bellefonte, Pa., on the last Wednesday of July, 1880. Prof. Edmund J. Wolf, D. D., was selected to deliver the annual oration with Rev. M. C. Horine as alternate, and Rev. J. M. Reimensnyder, with J. Artley Beeber, attorney, as alternate, was appointed to make the opening address on the topic for discussion at the next meeting. Adjourned with prayer by President Valentine.

At the closing session in the evening the spacious audience chamber was well filled with appreciative ladies and gentlemen who listened with much interest and close attention to the proceedings. The exercises were opened with prayer by Rev. W. E. Fischer. The main feature of the evening was the discussion of the question, "Should our colleges be open to both sexes?" J. Clinton Hill, attorney, '64, who had been appointed to open the discussion, presented a carefully written and well read address which, by special request, was supplemented with extended remarks by Rev. S. E. Furst, '63.

Rev. P. M. Bikle, Professor of Physics and Astronomy at Pennsylvania College, President M. Valentine, D. D., Rev. George Parsons, class of '42, and others participated in the discussion.

Professor Bikle, Secretary of the Faculty, spoke of the bright prospects of Pennsylvania College, stating among other things that the next Freshman Class would be one of the largest in the history of the institution.

The Secretary read a very interesting letter from James P. McFarlane, attorney, Ph. D. class of 1837, of Towanda, Pa., who is an author and a geologist of note. This venerable Alumnus sent his regrets at not being able to be present and expressed many earnest wishes for the success of *Alma Mater* and her many sons.

Rev. George Parsons, 1842, offered a touching closing prayer.

After the audience had dispersed the members proceeded in a body to the ice cream parlors selected by the committee, where toasts followed toasts. College reminiscences, ripples of merriment, bursts of applause, and unrestrained laughter made the place jolly as each told his story or made a quaint speech. At a late hour hands were shaken and the members separated with a pardonable self-gratification at the large attendance and the success of the meeting.

Eleven full graduates of this college now reside in Centre county, six of whom attended the meeting and returned prouder than ever of their *Alma Mater*. Others reared in this county graduated at the same institution and removed to other places, and some have died. It is estimated that more than fifty Centre county boys have at different times been students at the Gettysburg institutions.

The standing committee for the ensuing year consists of Clement Dale, attorney, Chairman; Adam Hoy, attorney, of Bellefonte; Rev. W. E. Fischer, Centre Hall; Rev. J. C. Keever, Pine Grove Mills; Prof. John A. Heines, A. M., Professor of English Language and Literature, Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, Pa.

### The Water Question.

The following proposition and calculations were submitted to Town Council at a late meeting by George W. Rodgers, engineer at the water works:

"To raise banks and walls around spring so as to raise head of water in spring to seven and one-half feet, and by blocking some of the issues in wheel, to retain the head of water at that height. This could be done at an expense not exceeding one hundred dollars, and would very materially increase the pumping capacity of the present wheel and pump, as the following calculations will show: Amount of water available for use on water wheel, 1,000 cubic feet a minute. This multiplied by 62—number of pounds in cubic foot of water—gives as follows: 1,000x62=62,000; this multiplied by the fall (7½ ft.) gives 62,000 7½x=465,000; this divided by horse power (33,000) gives 14 1-10 horse power. From this deducting 20 per cent. for friction, leaves 11 3-10 horse power available for use.

Now to ascertain what amount of water a horse power will deliver into reservoir per minute, divide a horse power (33,000 lbs.) by perpendicular height of reservoir, which is 192 ft. to mouth of delivery pipe, which gives 172 lbs. per minute. Dividing by eight to reduce to gallons and we have 21½ gallons. Deducting 20 per cent. for friction, leaves 17 2 10 gallons. Multiplying this by the 11 2-10 horse power gives 11x16.2=172.6 gallons per minute. The water wheel is now pumping into reservoir 140 gal. per minute. Deducting this from 192 gallons gives as the increased capacity of wheel and pumps 52 gallons per minute.

It may be said that to raise the spring it might probably find another course. In answer to to this I would state that at the time the first turbine wheel was put in the spring was raised two feet and it still remains the same. Another fact: twice every day when stopping the steam pump and starting the water wheel the spring is allowed to raise to seven feet and yet it has never taken any other course."

Mr. Rodgers is of the opinion that if the above is acted upon it will reduce greatly the expense of the water works, and materially increase the pumping capacity of the water wheel, and the expense connected with it need not exceed one hundred dollars.

—The case of the commonwealth and Mr. Reynolds vs. Peter Herdic to be tried before Quarter Sessions court of this county, commencing on the fourth Monday of this month promises to be an interesting case. Senator C. T. Alexander, Edmund Blanchard and J. L. Spangler, Esqs., will be the counsel for Mr. Herdic, and Mr. Reynolds and the commonwealth have secured the services of District Attorney Fortney, Gen. James A. Beaver and A. O. Furst, Esq. When all these legal lights get together there will doubtless be some animated arguing on both sides.

—Under our agricultural head will be found a very important article on "Wheat Culture," which is well worthy of a careful reading, as well as the adoption of the ideas suggested. When we come to consider the small portion of ground occupied by the wheat drilled in the ordinary way, amounting to less than twelve per cent., and the short crops realized; farmers cannot begin too soon to devise some means by which their crops shall be increased, and their labors more profitably rewarded.

—We saw ten or fifteen men coming up the rail road the other afternoon, some of them carrying baskets. We didn't watch them, but suppose they went to Sechler's for groceries. People come from far and near to buy goods at this popular grocery. Why? Because they know they'll get a good article.

—Prof. A. L. Guss, of Huntingdon, will deliver an address at the coming printers' picnic, at Cresson, on "The history of the newspapers in the Juniata Valley," which will be very interesting.

—Mrs. R. A. Kinsloe, wife of the editor of the Hughesville *Enterprise*, and daughter of James H. Rankin, Esq., has been visiting her parents and friends in this place.

—Go and see Blind Charley, "the greatest marvel of the age," at Humes' Hall to-night.

—The Sheriff's sales will be found in our advertising columns.

### Robbers at Work Again.

Robbers were at work again Monday night on Linn street. The house of Isaac Guggenheimer was entered between the hours of one and two o'clock A. M., but no valuables were taken, the thief or thieves having been frightened away. Entrance was effected through one of the back windows by cutting through the shutter and breaking the window fastening. This window let them into the back parlor, but not finding anything of value there they proceeded to work their way into the front parlor by boring several holes in the door with the intention of removing the lock. In this they were not cautious, the noise awakening the inmates, and the robbers were obliged to decamp without having accomplished their object. A half-inch augur and a three-quarter inch chisel was used by the thieves in breaking in, which shows they came prepared to make a thorough exploration of the premises.

—The Garman House has received its second and last coat of paint, and with other internal improvements and changes which have recently been made, makes it one of the finest looking and most convenient hotels in the county. Mr. Daniel Garman, the proprietor, is an old hotelist, and knows just how to appreciate the wants of the public, and assisted by his two sons, "Ed." and "Al." both agreeable young gentlemen, no pains are spared to make the guests of the house comfortable and at home. One other important feature connected with this house is that it sets as fine a table as any one would care to sit down to. We had the pleasure of partaking of the fare of this house, recently, and know whereof we speak. The most complete livery in Bellefonte is connected with this hotel.

—We are officially advised that the directors of the Bald Eagle Valley Railroad have recently declared a dividend of two and one-half per cent. on their capital stock out of their share of the earnings during the last six months. This dividend is equivalent to six per cent. per annum on the money invested, which speaks well for the successful and economical management of the road, and it gives us pleasure to congratulate Superintendent Blair on the result. The remarkable low rates of freight at which goods have been carried over this road is another commendable feature, which meets the hearty commendation of those engaged in business and do their shipping over this line.

—Blind Charley, called the greatest marvel of the age, will give a concert in Humes' Hall, Bellefonte, this evening, for the benefit of the Methodist churches of Julian and Port Matilda. He is a young white man, a graduate of Maryland Institute, Baltimore, and a local minister in the M. E. Church. He can imitate any music or any human voice he ever heard, or any sound or noise that he hears, and is said to surpass Blind Tom in his musical talents and exhibition. Tickets for sale at Blair's.

—The two men by the name of Rawley, who were arrested a short time ago on the charge of horse stealing, have been discharged. Notwithstanding the suspicious circumstances surrounding the case, and the strange conduct of the men, no evidence sufficient to hold them could be discovered. From several answers given at the hearing recently, it is supposed they are from New York State. That they are guilty of some misdemeanor no one doubts, but what it is remains to be found out.

—The excursion to Bedford on the 9th instant, as we anticipated, was poorly patronized, only seven persons from here and nine from other points on the Tyrone division feeling it their pleasure to go to that ancient watering-place. Tourists and pleasure seekers are seldom attracted to any point, even at low rates of fare, unless there is a change of scenery or various novelties to look at.

—Gildermaster, the great pianist, has returned to Bellefonte. He gave an exhibition of his musical skill at the Brockerhoff parlor last Thursday night. His exquisite music soon excited those present who were fond of tripping the light fantastic, and they were not slow in improving the opportunity.

—We had intended to have an article this week on the "Rise and Fall of the Shirt Collar," by Wilber F. Malin, but for some unaccountable reason it wasn't handed in.

—"Asiatic Relief" is the great remedy for Summer complaint. Try it. Sold at Green's.

—About thirty-five persons went on the Snow Shoe excursion yesterday morning.

—What has become of our centre County Agricultural Society? Do the officers of that world-renowned organization propose holding a fair during the ensuing fall? If so, when? It is about high time that the premium list was out, and the people informed as to the intentions of those in charge.

—The *Watchman* didn't know a man could rusticate in a "city" like Erie. Well, it takes some people an awful long time to get the run of things. Quite likely when the *Watchman* local goes out to rusticate, he'll tramp out into the wilderness some place, and roost in a dead hemlock.

—Dr. M. Valentine, president of Pennsylvania College, at Gettysburg, spent a few days in town last week, the guest of Rev. Furst. Mr. Valentine was very much pleased with Bellefonte, so much so, that he intends spending a week or two with us during his next vacation.

—A fashion note says that bonnets are worn very high. We'll bet the bills are mighty high, too.—Osceola *Reveille*. We'll bet that you forgot the 6th commandment when you cabbaged that item from the REPUBLICAN, too.

—Farmers who bring their products to the curb market should bring more potatoes when they come in. We heard a number complaining of the scarcity of this article on Tuesday morning.


—We are agents for Sawyer's Woolen Mills; and also for Kipper's foreign woolens. The finest fabrics. All wool suits to order, *Twelve and one-half Dollars*.
2tf MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

—Four rooms and one dwelling house with eight rooms, on Lamb street, for rent at reasonable rates. Inquire of William Jones, ag't, 1st National Bank. 16 tf

—If you want to sit down under a shade tree and enjoy yourself, buy one of Harry Green's cigars for company.

—Isaac Haupt is manufacturing an excellent five cent cigar. Best brands of chewing tobacco constantly on hand.

—There's no use talking! Harry Green's five-cent cigars are "boss."

—Chew Jackson's best sweet navy tobacco. vol 11-5-1y

CUT this out and hand it to your neighbor!
BROWN'S DIABETIC CURE.
Established 8 years ago at Green Springs Sandusky county, Ohio, continues to be the wonder of the age in its marvelous cures of *Diabetes, Diuresis, Gravel*, and all forms of *Kidney* and *Bladder* Diseases. To be convinced come or send for a circular and sworn testimony. J. L. BROWN, M. D., Physician in charge.
O. J. SHUTTS, } Trustees.
S. H. SMITH, } 11-15-1y

HAPPY VOICES. (Copyrighted.)
How glad happy voices,
Like sweet Sabbath bells,
O'er the hills and the vales,
The glad story tells
of the celebrated STAR PARLOR ORGAN, manufactured by Alleger, Bowlby & Co., Washington, N. J. The finest organ for less money than any in the United States. Write to them.


## MARRIED.

SHOWER—ECKLEY.—At the Lutheran parsonage, in Bellefonte, by Rev. S. E. Furst, Mr. Samuel E. Showers, of Zion, to Miss Tamson K. Eckley, of Buffalo Run, Pa.

### Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, Aug. 13, 1879.

Trade moves sluggishly, which is always the case at this season of the year. The active competition incident to the spring trade will hardly revive until the season changes, making a demand for fall goods.

WHEAT.—Owing to the short crop of wheat in our county this season, there will be no surplus over milling demands, or home consumption, which will not leave any margin for shipment. The mills will be compelled to pay full price to enable them to monopolize the deliveries.

There is little doing in the coarser grains, the mills being compelled to buy a portion of their corn from the West, to make chop.

Our curb market is being well patronized. Country produce is in abundance, fresh and cheap.

QUOTATIONS.

| | |
|---|---|
| White wheat per bushel | $1 05 |
| Red wheat | 1 05 |
| Rye per bushel | 50 |
| Corn, ear | 45 |
| Corn, shelled | 45 |
| Oats new | 30@33 |
| Cloverseed | $3 75@4 00 |
| Flour, retail, per barrel | 5 00@5 20 |
| Flour, wholesale | 4 50@4 75 |

HAY AND STRAW.

| | |
|---|---|
| Hay, choice timothy, per ton | $10 00 |
| Hay, mixed, per ton | 8 00 |
| Long rye straw, bundled, per ton | 6 50 |
| Short straw per ton | 5 50@6 50 |

PLASTER.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cayuga, ground, per ton | $ 9 00 |
| Nova Scotia, ground, per ton | 10 00 |

### Provision Market.

Corrected weekly by Valentines & Co.

| | |
|---|---|
| Apples, dried, per pound | |
| Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded | 10 |
| Beans per quart | 8 |
| Fresh butter per pound | 15 |
| Chickens per pound | 6 |
| Cheese per pound | 16 |
| Country hams per pound | 8 |
| Hams, sugar cured | 12½ |
| Bacon | 6 |
| Lard per pound | 6 |
| Eggs per doz | 10 |
| Potatoes per bushel | 40 |
| Dried beef | 20 |
| Wilson's pressed beef per pound | 25 |
| Canned tomatoes per can | 12½ |
| Lemons per doz | |
| Dried sweet corn per pound | |
| Small Onions per quart | |

### Philadelphia Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 12, 1879.

WHEAT.—Demand for milling limited, but rather better for future deliveries. Red, $1.07; Amber, 1.07½.

RYE.—New, 54@56c.; Old Penn'a., 59@60c.

CORN.—The market is firm. Western High Mixed, 47@48c.; Yellow, 48@48½c.

OATS.—Market dull for new; price, 33@34c Good White, 36@38½c; Choice White, 37@37½c.